



GigE VISION CAMERAS

GigE Features Reference

V5.4.0

Legal notice

Copyright and trademarks

All texts, pictures and graphics are protected by copyright and other laws protecting intellectual property. All content is subject to change without notice.

All trademarks, logos, and brands cited in this document are property and/or copyright material of their respective owners. Use of these trademarks, logos, and brands does not imply endorsement.

Copyright © 2018 Allied Vision GmbH. All rights reserved.



Read this reference carefully

Read this reference to fully understand your camera's features.

Contents

Legal notice	2
Copyright and trademarks	2
Contact us	7
Introduction	8
About this document	9
Document history	10
Reference conventions	12
Styles	12
Access	12
Visibility	13
Symbols	13
Acronyms and abbreviations	13
Additional information	14
Allied Vision software	14
Third-party software	15
GigE camera and driver features	16
Acquisition	17
AcquisitionAbort	17
AcquisitionFrameCount	17
AcquisitionFrameRateAbs	18
AcquisitionFrameRateLimit	18
AcquisitionMode	19
AcquisitionStart	20
AcquisitionStop	20
RecorderPreEventCount	21
SensorShutterMode	22
Trigger	24
ActionControl	30
ActionDeviceKey	31
ActionGroupKey	32
ActionGroupMask	32
ActionSelector	33
BufferHandlingControl	34
StreamAnnounceBufferMinimum	34
StreamAnnouncedBufferCount	34
StreamBufferHandlingMode	35

Controls	36
BlackLevelControl	36
CCDTemperatureOK	37
ColorTransformationControl	37
DSPSubregion	40
DefectMaskEnable	42
DefectMask	42
EdgeFilter	44
EFLensControl	45
Exposure	53
FpncControls	63
GainControl	64
Gamma	69
Hue	70
IODMode	71
Iris	72
LensDrive	77
LUTControl	79
NirMode	83
Saturation	84
SubstrateVoltage	85
Whitebalance	85
DeviceStatus	89
DeviceTemperature	89
DeviceTemperatureSelector	89
EventControl	90
EventData	90
EventID	91
EventNotification	98
EventSelector	98
EventsEnable1	99
GigE	100
BandwidthControlMode	100
ChunkModeActive	101
Configuration	103
Current	103
GVCP	105
GevSCPSPacketSize	107
NonImagePayloadSize	108
PTP	109
PayloadSize	112
Persistent	112
StreamBytesPerSecond	114
StreamFrameRateConstrain	115
StreamHold	115

Timestamp	116
IO	119
StatusLED	119
Strobe	121
SyncIn	123
SyncOut	125
ImageFormat	128
Height	128
HeightMax	128
ImageSize	129
OffsetX	129
OffsetY	130
PixelFormat	131
SensorReadoutMode	134
Width	134
WidthMax	135
ImageMode	136
BinningHorizontal	136
BinningHorizontalMode	137
BinningVertical	138
BinningVerticalMode	139
DecimationHorizontal	140
DecimationVertical	141
ReverseX	142
ReverseY	142
SensorDigitizationTaps	143
SensorHeight	143
SensorTaps	144
SensorWidth	144
Info	145
GevDeviceMACAddress	145
DeviceFirmwareVersion	145
DeviceID	145
DeviceModelName	146
DevicePartNumber	146
DeviceScanType	146
DeviceUserID	147
DeviceVendorName	147
FirmwareVerBuild	147
FirmwareVerMajor	148
FirmwareVerMinor	148
SensorBits	148
SensorType	149

SavedUserSets.	150
UserSetDefaultSelector	150
UserSetLoad	150
UserSetSave.	151
UserSetSelector.	151
Stream	152
Info	152
Multicast	152
Settings	154
Statistics.	159
StreamInformation	164
StreamID	164
StreamType	164
Index	165

Contact us

Connect with Allied Vision by function

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/meta-header/contact.html>

Find an Allied Vision office or Allied Vision distribution partner

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/about-us/where-we-are.html>

Email

For general inquiries, please contact info@alliedvision.com

For technical support, please contact support@alliedvision.com

Headquarters

Allied Vision Technologies GmbH
Taschenweg 2a, 07646 Stadtroda, Germany

T// +49 36428-677-0 (Reception)

T// +49 36428-677-230 (Sales)

F// +49 36428-677-28

President/CEO: Frank Grube
Registration Office: AG Jena HRB 208962

Tax ID: DE 184383113

Introduction



This chapter includes:

- About this document
- Document history
- Layout styles and symbols used in this reference
- Acronyms and abbreviations used in this reference

About this document

This document describes the standard and advanced camera controls for Allied Vision GigE cameras as seen from the Vimba Viewer.

This document applies to the GigE Vision camera families listed below and describes their features.

Bigeye G	Prosilica GB	Prosilica GS
Mako G	Prosilica GC	Prosilica GT
Manta	Prosilica GE	Prosilica GX



Further information available online

For more information about Allied Vision Cameras, see:

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/products/cameras>



Some features are not available for all camera models.

Example:

- White balance is not available for monochrome cameras.

Some features are implemented in the cameras, but are not always available.

Examples:

- Color correction features are implemented in Manta, Mako G, and Prosilica GT color cameras, but not the Prosilica GB, Prosilica GC, Prosilica GE, Prosilica GS, or Prosilica GX cameras.
- Color correction is supported in Manta, Mako G, and Prosilica GT. It is not available in color cameras if they are operated with Bayer pixel formats, but works if debayering is done within the camera.



GigE IR and scientific camera and driver features chapter has been moved to the *Goldeye G/CL Features Reference*.

Document history

Version	Date	Remarks
V1.0.0	2013-Jul-04	New Reference: Release status
V1.0.1	2013-Sep-06	Added the EF lens features Added <code>ReverseX</code> feature Updated <code>DefectMaskPixelEnable</code> feature Updated controls in the <code>Statistics</code> feature Updated controls in the <code>DeviceStatus</code> feature
V2.0.0	2014-Jul-22	Created GigE camera and driver features chapter by merging camera controls and driver controls chapters of V1.0.1 of this document Added <code>BufferHandlingControl</code> and <code>StreamInformation</code> categories, applicable for Vimba version 1.3 or higher Replaced <code>GVCPHBInterval</code> with <code>GevHeartbeatTimeout</code> and <code>GevHeartbeatInterval</code> , applicable for Vimba version 1.3 or higher Updated the following in GigE camera and driver features chapter <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated <code>PixelFormat</code>, <code>Hue</code>, <code>Saturation</code>, and <code>ColorTransformationControl</code> • For Vimba Viewer V1.1.1 or higher, <code>GevDeviceMACAddress</code> is moved under <code>Info</code> • Updated <code>ChunkModeActive</code>, and <code>AcquisitionFrameRateAbs</code> • Added note on binning in <code>BinningHorizontal</code> and <code>BinningVertical</code> • Removed the EF lens controls from the document until the camera samples are available • Removed <code>FrameTrigger</code> from <code>SyncOutSource</code> on page 100
V2.0.1	2014-Aug-15	Removed EF lens information from the <code>ChunkModeActive</code> control
V2.0.2	2014-Oct-08	Following changes are made in the GigE camera and driver features chapter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated <code>ChunkModeActive</code>, <code>BinningHorizontal</code>, <code>BinningVertical</code>, <code>DecimationHorizontal</code>, <code>DecimationVertical</code>, <code>PTP</code>, and <code>LUTControl</code> • Moved <code>ReverseX</code> under <code>ImageMode</code> category • Added <code>ReverseY</code> • Removed <code>GainRaw</code> • Updated <code>ExposureTimeAbs</code>, <code>GainAuto</code>, and <code>Gain</code> • Added <code>ExposureTimeIncrement</code> • Removed the <code>other</code> option from <code>ExposureAuto</code> • Added <code>TriggerWidth</code> option for <code>ExposureMode</code>

Table 1: Document history

Version	Date	Remarks
V3.0.0	2015-Jan-15	<p>Updated Allied Vision logo</p> <p>Updated Statistics category in GigE camera and driver features chapter</p> <p>Renamed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chapter 'AVT GigE camera and driver features' to GigE camera and driver features <p>Following changes are made in the GigE camera and driver features chapter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added <code>SensorShutterMode</code>, <code>BinningVerticalMode</code>, <code>BinningHorizontalMode</code>, and <code>DefectMaskEnable</code> Updated <code>BinningHorizontal</code> and <code>BinningVertical</code> Added <code>PieceWiseLinearHDR</code> option in <code>ExposureMode</code> Added <code>ExposureTimePWL1</code>, <code>ExposureTimePWL1</code>, <code>ThresholdPWL1</code>, and <code>ThresholdPWL1</code> Updated <code>ExposureTimeAbs</code>, <code>ExposureAuto</code>, <code>AcquisitionFrameRateAbs</code>, <code>GainAuto</code>, <code>IrisMode</code>, and <code>BalanceWhiteAuto</code>
V3.1.0	2015-Mar-10	<p>Added <code>EFLensControl</code></p> <p>Updated <code>DefectMaskEnable</code>, <code>PtpMode</code>, and <code>PtpStatus</code></p> <p>Updated <code>ChunkModeActive</code> and <code>SensorShutterMode</code></p>
V3.2.0	2015-Mar-20	<p>Replaced old links with new Allied Vision website links</p> <p>Changed this documents name from 'GigE Camera and Driver Features' to 'GigE Features Reference'</p>
V4.0.0	2015-Aug-25	<p>Updated the document according to Allied Vision's new layout and brand guidelines</p> <p>Added <code>GevIPConfigurationApply</code> feature in GigE camera and driver features chapter</p>
V5.0.0	2016-May-10	<p>Moved the GigE IR and scientific camera and driver features chapter to the new Goldeye G and CL Features Reference.</p> <p>Added <code>EventExposureStart</code> event. When enabled, will send an event from the camera when the exposure start event occurs. Event ID: 40019</p> <p>Added affected features to tables</p> <p>Defined <code>EventIDs</code></p> <p>Added <code>SensorDigitizationTaps</code> and <code>SensorTaps</code> features</p> <p>Added <code>Fpnc</code> feature</p> <p>Various minor updates and edits</p>
V5.1.0	2016-July-08	<p>Added new <code>ActionControl</code> category of features.</p>
V5.2.0	2016-Oct-12	<p>Added <code>SensorReadoutMode</code> feature</p> <p>Added breadcrumbs to map feature location in Vimba user interface</p> <p>Added GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention identifiers</p> <p>Added visibility row. Visibility identifiers including beginner, expert, and guru are in-line with GenICam classification</p> <p>Updated Trigger over Ethernet Action Command description</p>

Table 1: Document history (Continued)

Version	Date	Remarks
V5.3.0	2016-Nov-10	Removed breadcrumbs but added Category field to tables Corrected formula to convert DN to F-Stop value in Chunk Data. Added little-endian and big-endian comments to table under ChunkModeActive.
V5.3.1	2017-Jan-27	Corrected Action Command access level to Write only.
V5.3.2	2017-Mar-17	Updated Action Command descriptions and supported Vimba version
V5.4.0	2018-Mar-03	Added MaxNonOverlappedExposure Moved FpncEnable under FpncControls Updated cover image Added note table to AcquisitionRecord

Table 1: Document history (Continued)

Reference conventions

To give this reference an easily understood layout and to emphasize important information, the following typographical styles and symbols are used.

Styles

Style	Function	Example
Emphasis	Program names, UI elements, highlighting important information	control
Courier New	Feature names	Input
Courier New Italics	Feature values	<i>Mode</i>
Blue	Cross references, web page links, email links	Link

Access

Abbreviation	Meaning
Read/Write	Feature is read/write.
Read/(Write)	Feature is read only. It may be read/write depending upon the user privilege level
Read/Constant	Feature is read only and the value is constant.
Read	Feature is read and the value may change.
Write	Feature is write only.

Visibility

Level	Meaning
Beginner	Basic features.
Expert	Features that require a more in-depth knowledge of the camera functionality. This is the preferred visibility level for all advanced features in the cameras.
Guru	Advanced features that might bring the cameras into a state where it will not work properly anymore if it is set incorrectly for the cameras current mode of operation.

Symbols



Practical hint

This symbol highlights a practical hint that helps to better understand the camera's features and functions, and to make better use of it.



Safety-related instructions to avoid malfunctions

This symbol indicates important or specific instructions or procedures that are related to product safety. You have to follow these instructions to avoid malfunctions.



Further information available online

This symbol highlights URLs for further information. The URL itself is shown in blue. Example:

<https://www.alliedvision.com>

Acronyms and abbreviations

The following table provides a list of abbreviations used in this document.

Abbreviation	Description
Bps	Bytes per second
CCD	Charge-coupled device
CMOS	Complementary metal-oxide semiconductor
dB	Decibel
EF	Electro-Focus
FIFO	First-in first-out
GigE	Gigabit Ethernet
GVCP	GigE Vision Control Protocol

Table 2: Abbreviations used in this document

Abbreviation	Description
GVSP	GigE Vision Streaming Protocol
HDR	High-dynamic range
Hz	Hertz
I/O	Input/Output
IOD	Image on Demand
LSB	Least significant bit
LUT	Look-up table
n/a	Not applicable
NIR	Near-Infrared
PTP	Precision Time Protocol
ROI	Region of interest
SDK	Software Development Kit
SFNC	Standard Features Naming Convention, GenICam
ToE	Trigger over Ethernet
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
μs	Microsecond

Table 2: Abbreviations used in this document (Continued)

Additional information

Allied Vision software

Allied Vision provides a number of software packages, all of which are free of charge and contain the following components:

- Drivers
- SDK for camera control and image acquisition
- Examples based on the provided APIs of the SDK
- Documentation and release notes
- Viewer application to operate and configure the cameras



All software packages (including documentation and release notes) provided by Allied Vision can be downloaded at:

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/support/software-downloads>

Third-party software

In general, third-party software provides increased functionality such as image processing and video recording. Vimba SDK is based on the GenICam SFNC standard. GenICam-based third-party software automatically connect with Vimba's transport layers. Additionally, Vimba includes the Cognex Adapter for VisionPro.



Allied Vision cameras can be easily used with third party image-processing libraries. Allied Vision partners with all major software providers to ensure full compatibility of our SDK and easy integration of our cameras into your system. For more information see:

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/products/software/third-party-libraries.html>

Please note: Allied Vision does not endorse one product or vendor rather than the other nor provide technical support for third-party solutions. Please contact the respective software vendor for assistance.



Prosilica GT, Prosilica GC, Manta, and Mako G camera families are GenICam SFNC version 1.2.1 compliant. Bigeye G cameras are GenICam SFNC version 1.0 compliant.

GigE camera and driver features



This chapter lists standard and advanced camera and driver controls, as seen from the Vimba Viewer.

Acquisition

This category includes all features related to image acquisition, including trigger and exposure control. It describes the basic model for acquisition and the typical behavior of the camera.

AcquisitionAbort

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	AcquisitionStart, AcquisitionStop
Category	/Acquisition

Software command to stop the camera from receiving frame triggers and abort the current acquisition. A partially transferred image is completed. If no acquisition is in progress, the command is ignored.

AcquisitionFrameCount

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 65535
Default	1
Unit	Frames
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Acquisition

Defines the number of frames to capture in a limited sequence of images. Used with `AcquisitionMode = MultiFrame` or `Recorder`. In `Recorder` mode, `AcquisitionFrameCount` cannot exceed `StreamHoldCapacity`.

AcquisitionFrameRateAbs

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Unit	Frames per second
Affected features	ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/Acquisition

If `TriggerSelector = FrameStart` and either `TriggerMode = Off` or `TriggerSource = FixedRate`, this control specifies the frame rate. Depending on the exposure duration, the camera may not achieve the frame rate set here.

If <code>ExposureMode = Timed</code>	Ensure $[1/ExposureTimeAbs^*] > AcquisitionFrameRateAbs$ to achieve target frame rate
If <code>ExposureMode = TriggerWidth</code>	Ensure $[1/(external\ trigger\ pulse\ width)] > AcquisitionFrameRateAbs$ to achieve target frame rate
If <code>ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinear HDR</code>	Ensure the $[1/ExposureTimeAbs^*] > AcquisitionFrameRateAbs$ to achieve target frame rate
* ExposureTimeAbs in seconds	

AcquisitionFrameRateLimit

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Unit	Frames per second
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Acquisition

The maximum frame rate possible for the current exposure duration pixel format.

AcquisitionMode

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Continuous, SingleFrame, MultiFrame, Recorder</i>
Default	<i>Continuous</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Acquisition

Determines the behavior of the camera if acquisition start is triggered.

Value	Description
<i>Continuous</i>	After an acquisition start event, the camera will continuously receive frame trigger events. See <code>TriggerSelector</code> and <code>TriggerSource</code> for more information.
<i>SingleFrame</i>	The camera will only deliver a single frame trigger event. Further trigger events are ignored until acquisition is stopped and restarted.
<i>MultiFrame</i>	The camera will acquire the number of images specified by <code>AcquisitionFrameCount</code> . Further trigger events are ignored until acquisition is stopped and restarted.
<i>Recorder</i>	<p>The camera will continuously record images into the camera on-board FIFO image buffer, but will not send them to the host until an <code>AcquisitionRecord</code> trigger signal is received. Further <code>AcquisitionRecord</code> trigger events are ignored until acquisition is stopped and restarted.</p> <p>Combined with the <code>RecorderPreEventCount</code> control, this feature is useful for returning any number of frames before a trigger event.</p> <p>If <code>AcquisitionRecord</code> trigger is received, the currently imaging or acquiring image will complete as normal, and then at least one more image is taken. The FIFO volatile image memory is a circular buffer, that starts rewriting images once it is full. Its size is determined by <code>AcquisitionFrameCount</code>.</p>

AcquisitionStart

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	AcquisitionStop, AcquisitionAbort
Category	/Acquisition

Software command to start the camera receiving frame triggers. Valid if `TriggerMode = Off`. See `TriggerSelector = FrameStart` trigger.

AcquisitionStop

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	AcquisitionStart, AcquisitionAbort
Category	/Acquisition

Software command to stop the camera from receiving frame triggers. Valid if `TriggerMode = Off`. See `TriggerSelector = FrameStart` trigger.

RecorderPreEventCount

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 65535
Default	0
Unit	Frames
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Acquisition

Valid if `AcquisitionMode = Recorder`. The number of frames returned before the `AcquisitionRecord` trigger event, with `AcquisitionFrameCount` minus `RecorderPreEventCount` frames being returned after the `AcquisitionRecord` trigger event.



At least one image must be captured after the `AcquisitionRecord` trigger event, for instance, you cannot set `RecorderPreEventCount = 1`, and `AcquisitionFrameCount = 1`.

SensorShutterMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>Global, Rolling, GlobalReset</i>
Default	<i>Global</i>
Affected features	ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureAutoMin, ExposureAutoMax
Category	/Acquisition

Feature type of the shutter. The following figure illustrates the different sensor shutter modes.

Value	Description
<i>Global</i>	All pixels reset and start exposure at same time. All pixels are shifted to readout at same time. All pixels have the same ExposureTimeAbs.
<i>Rolling</i>	Each row is reset, exposed, and read out in succession from top to bottom of image. All pixels have the same ExposureTimeAbs. This mode is susceptible to motion blur; however, this mode offers enhanced SNR/dynamic range.
<i>GlobalReset</i>	All pixels reset and start exposure at same time. Pixels are shifted to readout one line at a time from top to bottom of image. This mode does not allow overlapped exposure and readout. In this mode, ExposureTimeAbs is the time from global reset to start of readout of top row. Subsequent rows will have a longer exposure time $\text{ExposureTimeAbs} + (\text{row readout time} \times \text{row number})$. This mode offers enhanced SNR/dynamic range with no motion blur, which is useful for strobe applications.

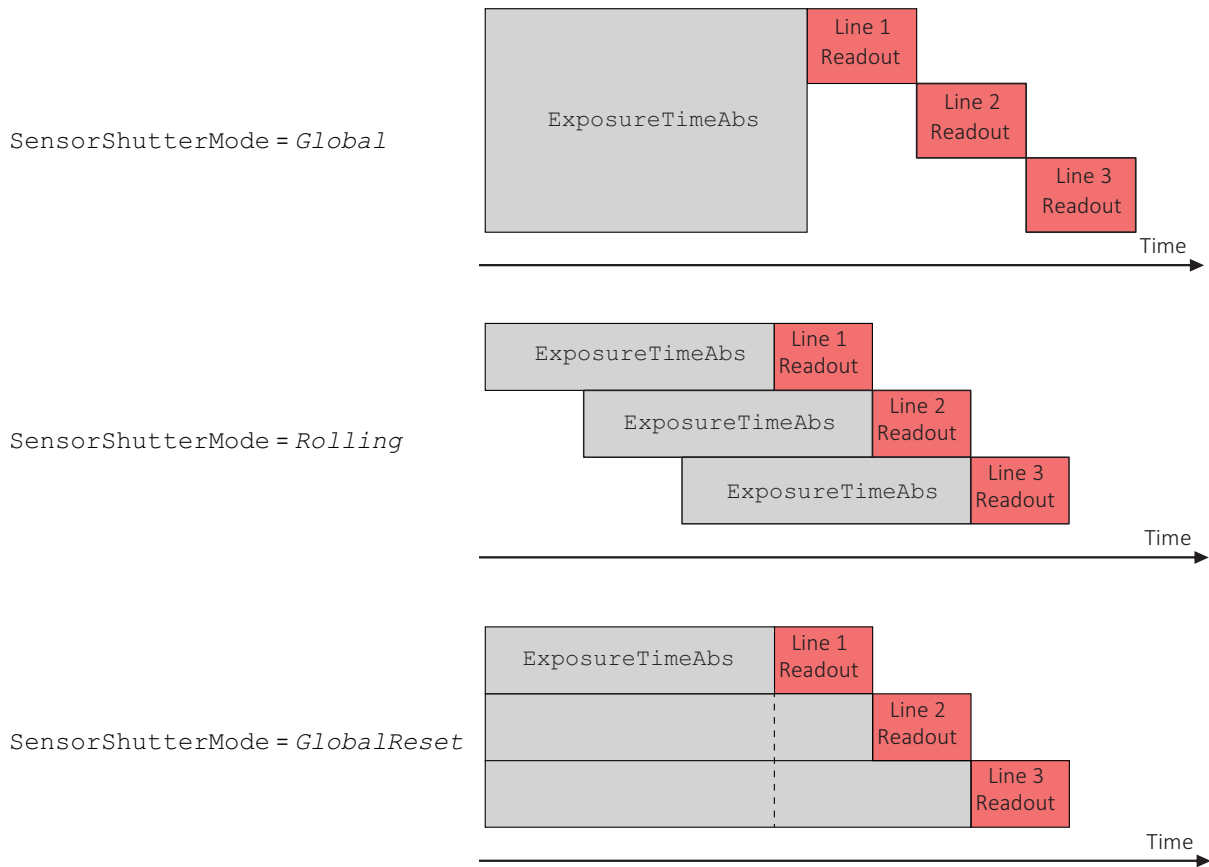


Figure 1: Illustration showing different sensor shutter modes

Trigger

This category relates to how an image frame is initiated or triggered.

TriggerActivation

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>RisingEdge, FallingEdge, AnyEdge, LevelHigh, LevelLow</i>
Default	<i>RisingEdge</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Feature type of activation, for hardware triggers. This feature controls edge, level, and polarity sensitivities.

Value	Description
<i>RisingEdge</i>	Resets the encoder on the Rising Edge of the signal.
<i>FallingEdge</i>	Resets the encoder on the Falling Edge of the signal.
<i>AnyEdge</i>	Resets the encoder on the Falling or rising Edge of the selected signal.
<i>LevelHigh</i>	Resets the encoder as long as the selected signal level is High.
<i>LevelLow</i>	Resets the encoder as long as the selected signal level is Low.

TriggerDelayAbs

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	0
Unit	μs
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Start-of-image can be delayed to begin some time after a trigger event is received by the camera. This feature is valid only if `TriggerSource` is set to external trigger (i.e. `Line1`, `Line2`). This control is a commonly used trigger to synchronize with a strobe lighting source, which will inherently have some fixed setup time.

TriggerMode

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Off</i> , <i>On</i>
Default	<i>On</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Controls the trigger set in `TriggerSelector`.



If `TriggerMode = Off` and `TriggerSelector = FrameStart`, images triggered in `FixedRate` at `AcquisitionFrameRateAbs`.

TriggerOverlap

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Off, PreviousFrame</i>
Default	<i>Off</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Permitted window of trigger activation, relative to previous frame. Does not work with software triggering. Only external triggering.

Value	Description
<i>Off</i>	Any external trigger received before a high <i>FrameTriggerReady</i> signal is ignored.
<i>PreviousFrame</i>	Any external trigger received before <i>FrameTriggerReady</i> is latched and used to trigger the next frame.

TriggerSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>FrameStart, AcquisitionStart, AcquisitionEnd, AcquisitionRecord</i>
Default	<i>FrameStart</i>
Affected features	TriggerMode, TriggerSoftware, TriggerSource, TriggerActivation, TriggerOverlap, TriggerDelayAbs
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Select a trigger, then use the controls {TriggerMode, TriggerSoftware, TriggerSource, TriggerActivation, TriggerOverlap, TriggerDelayAbs} to setup and read the trigger features.

Value	Description
<i>FrameStart</i>	The trigger which starts each image (if acquisition is running).
<i>AcquisitionStart</i>	The trigger which starts the acquisition process.
<i>AcquisitionEnd</i>	The trigger which ends the acquisition process.
<i>AcquisitionRecord</i>	The trigger which initiates the sending of AcquisitionFrameCount number of recorded images from the camera on-board memory to the host.



TriggerSource must equal Line1, Line2, Line3, Line4 or Action0, Action1 when TriggerSelector = AcquisitionRecord.

TriggerSoftware

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Triggers an image. Valid if `TriggerSource = Software`.

TriggerSource

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Freerun, Line1, Line2, Line3, Line4, FixedRate, Software, Action0, Action1</i> The number of external trigger lines is camera dependent.
Default	<i>Freerun</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Determines how an image frame is initiated within an acquisition stream. This might be a hardware trigger, a fixed rate generator, or software trigger only.



An acquisition stream must be started in order to trigger or receive individual frames. For *Freerun* and *FixedRate* the first frame is synchronized to *AcquisitionStart* trigger.

Value	Description
<i>Freerun</i>	Camera runs at maximum supported frame rate depending on the exposure time and ROI size.
<i>Line1</i>	External trigger <i>Line1</i>
<i>Line2</i>	External trigger <i>Line2</i>
<i>Line3</i>	External trigger <i>Line3</i>
<i>Line4</i>	External trigger <i>Line4</i>

Value	Description
<i>FixedRate</i>	Camera self-triggers at a fixed frame rate defined by <i>AcquisitionFrameRateAbs</i> .
<i>Software</i>	Software initiated image capture.
<i>Action0</i>	Select <i>Action0</i> or <i>Action1</i> . For use with ToE Action Commands.
<i>Action1</i>	Select <i>Action0</i> or <i>Action1</i> . For use with ToE Action Commands.



To use a ToE Action Command, the trigger source must be set to *Action0* or *Action1*.

ActionControl

Triggering an action in multiple devices at roughly the same time can be accomplished through the action command (`ACTION_CMD`) message. Each action command message contains information for the device to validate the requested operation:

- `ActionDeviceKey`: Provides the device key that allows the device to check the validity of action commands. `ActionDeviceKey` must be equal on the camera and on the host PC. Before a camera accepts an Action Command, it verifies if the received key is identical with its configured key.
- `ActionSelector`: Selects to which Action Signal further Action settings apply.
- `ActionGroupKey`: Provides the key that the device will use to validate the action on reception of the action protocol message. Each camera can be assigned to exactly one group and all grouped cameras perform an action at the same time.
- `ActionGroupMask`: Provides the mask that the device will use to validate the action on reception of the action protocol message. `ActionGroupMask` serves as filter that specifies which cameras within a group react on an Action Command.



To use an Action Command, `TriggerMode` must be set to *On* and `TriggerSource` must be set to *Action0* or *Action1*.



If you use an Ethernet router, make sure all cameras are in the same subnet. Using a switch does not affect Action Commands.

Trigger over Ethernet is a synchronous image acquisition which is created by sending an Action Command through the Ethernet host. The Action Command is an Ethernet packet that can be unicast or broadcast to a device or devices in order to synchronously trigger an action on the cameras. This command can be sent by Vimba, a trigger device connected to the network or just a program sent by a host PC connected to the network. The Ethernet packet uses the IPv4 UDP, Port: 3956 and conforms to GVCP.

The following controls must be configured for each camera that you want to control with an Action Command.

ActionDeviceKey

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Action Device Key
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to 4294967295 (camera and host PC)
Default	0
Vimba version	Vimba version 2.1 or later
Affected features	n/a
Category	/ActionControl

Provides the device key that allows the device to check the validity of action commands. The device internal assertion of an action signal is only authorized if the `ActionDeviceKey` and the action device key value in the protocol message are equal. When an Action Command is received, the `ActionDeviceKey` is the first control checked. The device key is a 32-bit value. Only a valid device key can trigger the Action Command event on the camera.



`ActionDeviceKey` must be configured on the cameras and on the host PC.



`ActionDeviceKey` must be set each time the camera is opened.

ActionGroupKey

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Action Group Key
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to 4294967295 (camera and host PC)
Default	0
Vimba version	Vimba version 2.1 or later
Affected features	n/a
Category	/ActionControl

Provides the key that the device will use to validate the action on reception of the action protocol message. This enables an Action Command to be applied to specific subsets devices. The group key is a 32-bit value.



`ActionGroupKey` must be configured on the cameras and on the host PC.

ActionGroupMask

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Action Group Mask
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to 4294967295 (camera) 1 to 4294967295 (host PC)
Default	0
Vimba version	Vimba version 2.1 or later
Affected features	n/a
Category	/ActionControl

Provides the mask that the device will use to validate the action on reception of the action protocol message. Once the `ActionGroupKey` is validated, the group mask is checked against the `ActionGroupMask`. Once the group key and group mask are validated, the related function is activated. The group mask is a 32-bit value.

Executing the API feature `ActionCommand` sends the `ActionControl` parameters to the cameras and triggers the assigned action, for example, image acquisition.



`ActionGroupMask` must be configured on the cameras and on the host PC.



On the host PC, the range of `ActionGroupMask` is 1 to 4294967295. Sending an Action Command with `ActionGroupMask` 0 to the camera results in an error.

ActionSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Action Selector
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to 1
Default	0
Vimba version	Vimba version 2.1 or later
Affected features	<code>ActionGroupMask</code> , <code>ActionGroupKey</code>
Category	<code>/ActionControl</code>

Selects to which action signal further action settings apply. Allied Vision cameras support two Action Commands: `Action0` and `Action1`.



`ActionDeviceKey` must be configured on the cameras and on the host PC.

BufferHandlingControl

StreamAnnounceBufferMinimum

Display name	Stream Announce Buffer Minimum
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	n/a
Category	/BufferHandlingControl

The minimal number of buffers to announce to enable selected acquisition mode.

StreamAnnouncedBufferCount

Display name	Stream Announced Buffer Count
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	n/a
Category	/BufferHandlingControl

The number of announced (known) buffers on this stream.

StreamBufferHandlingMode

Display name	Stream Buffer Handling Mode
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Default	Default
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	StreamAcquisitionModeSelector
Category	/BufferHandlingControl

Available buffer handling modes of this stream.

Controls

BlackLevelControl

BlackLevel

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to Camera dependent
Default	0
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/BlackLevelControl

The black level (offset) value. Setting the Gain does not change the BlackLevel.

BlackLevelSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Default	ALL
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/BlackLevelControl

Selects which black level is controlled by the various black level features. If set to *ALL*, BlackLevel is applied to all channels or taps.

CCDTemperatureOK

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Default	0
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls

The current temperature status of the CCD sensor. Indicates if CCD sensor has desired cooling temperature.

Value	Description
0	The CCD sensor may be too hot. Acquired image data may have higher noise than expected or contain erroneous pixels at long exposure times.
1	The CCD sensor temperature is in the desired temperature range. Acquired image data are OK.

ColorTransformationControl

This section describes features related to color transformations in Allied Vision GigE color cameras. The following controls are only valid if using on-camera interpolated pixel formats.

The color transformation is a linear operation taking as input the triplet R_{in} , G_{in} , B_{in} for an RGB color pixel. This triplet is multiplied by a 3×3 matrix. This color transformation allows to change the coefficients of the 3×3 matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_{out} \\ G_{out} \\ B_{out} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Gain00 & Gain01 & Gain02 \\ Gain10 & Gain11 & Gain12 \\ Gain20 & Gain21 & Gain22 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} R_{in} \\ G_{in} \\ B_{in} \end{bmatrix}$$

ColorTransformationMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Off, Manual, Temp6500K</i>
Default	<i>Off</i>
Affected features	ColorTransformationValue
Category	/Controls/ColorTransformationControl

Selects the mode for the color transformation.

Value	Description
<i>Off</i>	No color transformation.
<i>Manual</i>	Manually set ColorTransformationValue matrix coefficients.
<i>Temp6500K</i>	Colors optimized for a surrounding color temperature of 6500 K.

ColorTransformationSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible value	<i>RGBtoRGB</i>
Affected features	ColorTransformationValue
Category	/Controls/ColorTransformationControl

Selects which color transformation module is controlled by the various color transformation features.

ColorTransformationValue

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	-2 to 2
Default	1
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/ColorTransformationControl

Represents the value of the selected gain factor or offset inside the transformation matrix.

ColorTransformationValueSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Gain00, Gain01, Gain02, Gain10, Gain11, Gain12, Gain20, Gain21, Gain22</i>
Default	<i>Gain00</i>
Affected features	ColorTransformationValue
Category	/Controls/ColorTransformationControl

Selects the gain factor or offset of the transformation matrix if `ColorTransformationMode = Manual`.

Value	Description
<i>Gain00</i>	Red contribution to the red pixel (multiplicative factor).
<i>Gain01</i>	Green contribution to the red pixel (multiplicative factor).
<i>Gain02</i>	Blue contribution to the red pixel (multiplicative factor).
<i>Gain10</i>	Red contribution to the green pixel (multiplicative factor).
<i>Gain11</i>	Green contribution to the green pixel (multiplicative factor).
<i>Gain12</i>	Blue contribution to the green pixel (multiplicative factor).
<i>Gain20</i>	Red contribution to the blue pixel (multiplicative factor).
<i>Gain21</i>	Green contribution to the blue pixel (multiplicative factor).
<i>Gain22</i>	Blue contribution to the blue pixel (multiplicative factor).

DSPSubregion

The automatic exposure, gain, white balance, and iris features can be configured to respond only to a subregion within the image scene. This feature can be used to choose a subregion that will 'meter' the rest of the image. This feature works like the region metering on a photographic camera.

DSPSubregionBottom

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to sensor height
Default	<i>Sensor height</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/DSPSubregion

Defines the bottom edge of the DSP subregion.



The DSP subregion is the area of the image used for measurements in "auto" functions such as auto-exposure and auto-gain. `DSPSubregionLeft` is the bottom row, relative to the current image region. For convenience, this value may be higher than the maximum height.

DSPSubregionLeft

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to sensor width
Default	<i>0</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/DSPSubregion

Defines the left edge of the DSP subregion.

DSPSubregionRight

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to sensor width
Default	<i>Sensor width</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/DSPSubregion

Defines the right edge of the DSP subregion.



For convenience, this value may be higher than the maximum width.

DSPSubregionTop

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to sensor height
Default	<i>0</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/DSPSubregion

Defines the top edge of the DSP subregion.

DefectMaskEnable

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>true, false</i>
Default	<i>true</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls

Control defective pixel masking. Defective pixels (or clusters) are replaced with averaged values from neighboring pixels. Defective pixels are detected and recorded at the factory. This feature either enables or disables defect masking.



If `BinningHorizontal`, `BinningVertical`, `DecimationHorizontal`, or `DecimationVertical` is set greater than 1, `DefectMaskEnable` is set to *False*.



For more information on the Defect Mask Loader and defect masking process, see the Defect Masking application note at:

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-papers-knowledge-base.html>

DefectMask

Some larger format sensors may contain defective columns. Class 1 and Class 0 sensors are available with no defective columns.



See the Modular Concept document, or contact your Allied Vision sales team for more information.

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-documentation.html>

DefectMaskColumnEnable

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Enabled, Disabled</i>
Default	<i>Enabled</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/DefectMask

Defect masking replaces defective columns with interpolated values based on neighboring columns. Defective columns are detected and recorded at the factory. This feature either enables or disables masking of defective columns.



For more information on the `Loaddefects` application and column defect masking process, see the Defect Masking application note at:

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-papers-knowledge-base.html>

DefectMaskPixelEnable

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>Enabled, Disabled</i>
Default	<i>Enabled</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/DefectMask

Controls defective pixel masking.

EdgeFilter

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>Smooth2, Smooth1, Off, Sharpen1, Sharpen2</i>
Default	<i>Off</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls

Image sharpness or blur. Applied post Bayer interpolation. Only available on color pixel formats noted with on-camera interpolation.

Value	Description
<i>Smooth2</i>	Most blur
<i>Smooth1</i>	Slight blur
<i>Off</i>	No blur or sharpness applied
<i>Sharpen1</i>	Slight sharp
<i>Sharpen2</i>	Most sharp



EdgeFilter feature is applicable only to color models and Manta cameras except dual-tap camera models.

EFLensControl

The section describes features related to EF lens control in Allied Vision GigE cameras with integrated EF-Mount.



The features listed under `EFLensControl` are not available for cameras with Birger EF-Mount option.

EFLensFStop

EFLensFStopCurrent

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	<code>EFLensFStopMin</code> to <code>EFLensFStopMax</code>
Unit	μ s
Affected features	n/a
Category	<code>/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop</code>

The current F-stop number or aperture of the EF lens.

EFLensFStopDecrease

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	<code>EFLensFStopCurrent</code>
Category	<code>/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop</code>

Decrease F-stop number, that is, increase lens aperture by the `EFLensFStopStepSize`.

EFLensFStopIncrease

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	EFLensFStopCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop

Increase F-stop number, that is, reduce lens aperture by the EFLensFStopStepSize.

EFLensFStopMax

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default	<i>Lens dependent</i>
Unit	F-Stop
Affected features	EFLensFStopCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop

The maximum possible F-stop setting or the smallest possible aperture for the EF lens based on current zoom setting.

EFLensFStopMin

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default	<i>Lens dependent</i>
Unit	F-Stop
Affected features	EFLensFStopCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop

The minimum possible F-stop setting or the largest possible aperture for the EF lens based on current zoom setting.

EFLensFStopStepSize

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 8
Unit	F-Stop/8
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop

Size of increments or decrements in `EFLensFStopCurrent` if using `EFLensFStopIncrease` and `EFLensFStopDecrease` commands, respectively.

EFLensFocus

EFLensFocusCurrent

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	<code>EFLensFocusMin</code> to <code>EFLensFocusMax</code>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

The current focus setting.

EFLensFocusDecrease

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	<code>EFLensFocusCurrent</code>
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

Decrease or shorten focus distance by `EFLensFocusStepSize`.

EFLensFocusIncrease

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	EFLensFocusCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

Increase or lengthen focus distance by EFLensFocusStepSize.

EFLensFocusMax

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default	<i>Lens dependent</i>
Affected features	EFLensFocusCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

The maximum or farthest possible focus setting.

EFLensFocusMin

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default	<i>Lens dependent</i>
Affected features	EFLensFocusCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

The minimum or nearest possible focus setting.

EFLensFocusStepSize

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Lens dependent
Default	10
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

Size of increments or decrements in `EFLensFocusCurrent` if using `EFLensFocusIncrease` and `EFLensFocusDecrease` commands, respectively.

EFLensFocusSwitch

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>AutoFocus</i> , <i>ManualFocus</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

The current position of lens auto focus or manual focus switch.

Value	Description
<i>AutoFocus</i>	Switch is in auto focus position
<i>ManualFocus</i>	Switch is in manual focus position



All controls under `EFLensFocus` become read-only if the lens auto focus or manual focus switch is set to manual focus.

EFLensInitialize

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	EFLensFStopCurrent, EFLensFStopMax, EFLensFStopMin, EFLensFocusSwitch, EFLensFocusCurrent, EFLensID, EFLensLastError, EFLensState, EFLensZoomCurrent, EFLensZoomMax, EFLensZoomMin
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl

Initializes the EF lens. This command is automatically executed on power up and/or if lens is attached to camera.

EFLensStatus

EFLensID

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensStatus

The identification value of the attached EF lens.

EFLensLastError

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>EFLensErrNone</i> , <i>EFLensErrQuery</i> , <i>EFLensErrInternal1</i> , <i>EFLensErrInternal2</i> , <i>EFLensErrBusy</i> , <i>EFLensErrZeroStop</i> , <i>EFLensErrInfinityStop</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensStatus

The most recently detected error.

Value	Description
<i>EFLensErrNone</i>	No error detected.
<i>EFLensErrQuery</i>	Lens failed query by camera.
<i>EFLensErrInternal1</i>	Lens communication error (can occur when removing lens).
<i>EFLensErrInternal2</i>	Lens communication error (can occur when removing lens).
<i>EFLensErrBusy</i>	Lens remained busy for longer than 10 seconds.
<i>EFLensErrZeroStop</i>	Lens focus “Zero Stop” not detected.
<i>EFLensErrInfinityStop</i>	Lens focus “Infinity Stop” not detected.

EFLensState

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensStatus

The current EF lens state.

State	Description
<i>EFLensIdle</i>	No lens action in progress.
<i>EFLensBusy</i>	Lens is busy (changing focus or aperture).
<i>EFLensWaiting</i>	Camera is waiting for lens attachment.

State	Description
<i>EFLensInitializing</i>	Camera is initializing lens.
<i>EFLensError</i>	Lens Error detected. Error type is indicated by <i>EFLensLastError</i> . Remains in this state until <i>EFLensInitialize</i> is executed.

EFLensZoom

EFLensZoomCurrent

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	<i>EFLensZoomMin</i> to <i>EFLensZoomMax</i>
Units	mm
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensZoom

The current focal length of the EF lens.

EFLensZoomMax

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default	Lens dependent
Units	mm
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensZoom

The maximum focal length of the EF lens.

EFLensZoomMin

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default	Lens dependent
Units	mm
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensZoom

The minimum focal length of the EF lens.

Exposure

ExposureAuto

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Off, Once, Continuous</i>
Default	<i>Off</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure

Auto algorithms use information from the camera's current image and apply the following settings to the next image. Large changes in scene lighting may require several frames for the algorithm to stabilize.

Value	Description
<i>Off</i>	The automatic mode is <i>Off</i> .
<i>Once</i>	Valid if <code>ExposureMode = Timed</code> or <code>PieceWiseLinearHDR</code> . Auto-exposure occurs until target is achieved, then <code>ExposureAuto</code> returns to <i>Off</i> .
<i>Continuous</i>	Valid if <code>ExposureMode = Timed</code> or <code>PieceWiseLinearHDR</code> . The exposure time will vary continuously according to the scene illumination. The auto exposure function operates according to the <code>ExposureAuto</code> and <code>DSPSubregion</code> controls.

If using `ExposureAuto = Continuous`, and `GainAuto = Continuous` simultaneously, priority is given to changes in exposure until `ExposureAutoMax` is reached, at which point priority is given to changes in gain. Adding simultaneous `IrisMode = Video, DCIris, or PIrisAuto` results in undefined, “race to target” behavior.

You can configure the auto exposure feature to respond only to a subregion within the image scene. This subregion can be configured with the `DSPSubregion` feature.



The camera must be acquiring images in order for the auto algorithm to update.

ExposureAutoControl

ExposureAutoAdjustTol

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 50
Default	5
Unit	Percent
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

Tolerance in variation from `ExposureAutoTarget` in which the auto exposure algorithm will not respond. It can be used to limit exposure setting changes to only larger variations in scene lighting.

ExposureAutoAlg

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Mean, FitRange</i>
Default	<i>Mean</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

The following algorithms can be used to calculate auto exposure.

Value	Description
<i>Mean</i>	The arithmetic mean of the histogram of the current image is compared to <code>ExposureAutoTarget</code> , and the next image adjusted in exposure time to meet this target. Bright areas are allowed to saturate.
<i>FitRange</i>	The histogram of the current image is measured, and the exposure time of the next image is adjusted so that bright areas are not saturated.

ExposureAutoMax

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	<i>500000</i>
Unit	μ s
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

The upper bound to the exposure setting in auto exposure mode. This is useful in situations where frame rate is important. This value would normally be set to something less than (as a rough estimate) $1 \times 10^6 / (\text{desired frame rate})$.

ExposureAutoMin

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	<i>Camera dependent</i>
Unit	μs
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

The lower bound to the exposure setting in auto exposure mode.

ExposureAutoOutliers

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 1000
Default	0
Unit	0.01% i.e. 1000 = 10%
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

The total pixels from top of the distribution that are ignored by the auto exposure algorithm.



Number of upper outliers to discard before calculating exposure adjustments. This is in ten-thousandths of the number pixels in the image.

ExposureAutoRate

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 100 1 (slowest) to 100 (fastest)
Default	100
Unit	Percent
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

The rate at which the auto exposure function changes the exposure setting. 100% is auto exposure adjustments running at full speed, and 50% is half speed.

ExposureAutoTarget

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 100 0 being black, 100 being white
Default	50
Unit	Percent
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

The general lightness or darkness of the auto exposure feature; specifically the target mean histogram level of the image.

Higher values result in brighter images.



ExposureMode

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Timed, TriggerWidth, PieceWiseLinearHDR</i>
Default	<i>Timed</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure

The control for exposure duration.

Value	Description
<i>Timed</i>	Camera exposure time is set by <code>ExposureTimeAbs</code>
<i>TriggerWidth</i>	Camera exposure time is controlled by external trigger pulse on <i>Line1</i> or <i>Line2</i> . In order for this feature to work, <code>TriggerSelector = FrameStart</code> and <code>TriggerSource</code> must be set to <i>Line1</i> or <i>Line2</i> .
<i>PieceWiseLinearHDR</i>	Image dynamic range is increased in difficult lighting situations by clamping down bright pixels with light levels beyond <code>ThresholdPWL</code> limits. Overall camera exposure time is set by <code>ExposureTimeAbs</code> . HDR sub-exposures are set using <code>ExposureTimePWL1</code> and <code>ExposureTimePWL2</code> .

ExposureTimeAbs

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Unit	μs
Affected features	AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs
Category	/Controls/Exposure

The sensor integration time. Values written to control are rounded to nearest multiple of `ExposureTimeIncrement`. Reading this control returns the used, rounded value.

`ExposureTimeAbs` depends on `ExposureMode` as follows:

If <code>ExposureMode = Timed</code>	Then <code>ExposureTimeAbs</code> is sensor integration time
If <code>ExposureMode = TriggerWidth</code>	Then <code>ExposureTimeAbs</code> is ignored
If <code>ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR</code>	Then <code>ExposureTimeAbs</code> is the full sensor integration time. See <code>ExposureTimePWL1</code> and <code>ExposureTimePWL2</code> for setting <code>ThresholdPWL</code> exposure durations.

ExposureTimeIncrement

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Unit	μs
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure

Increment or resolution of the exposure time in microseconds.

ExposureTimePWL1

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Unit	μs
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure

Valid only if `ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR`. Exposure time after `ThresholdPWL1` is reached.

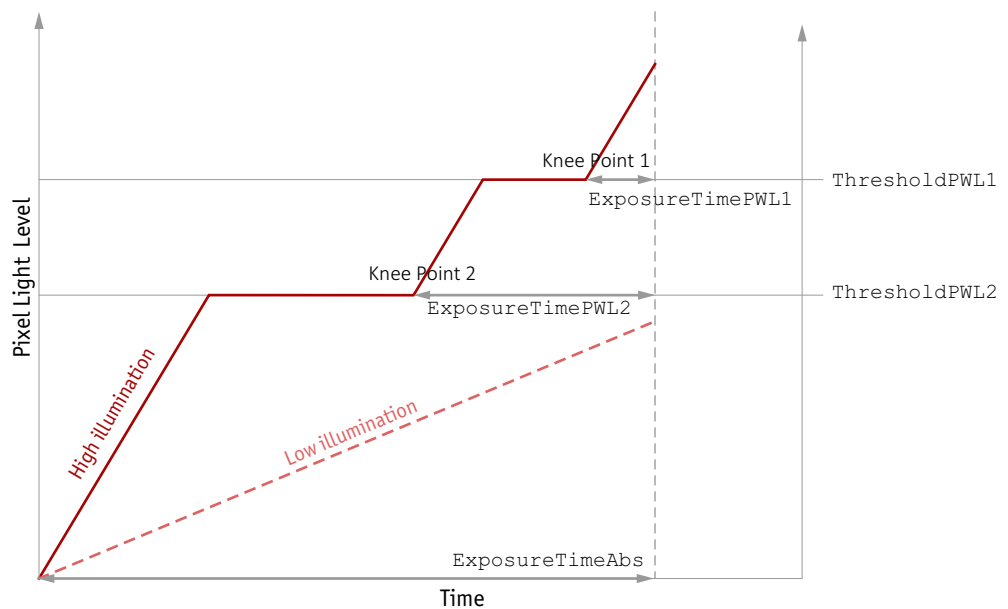


Figure 2: HDR sub exposures and thresholds if `ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR`

ExposureTimePWL2

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Unit	μs
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure

Valid only if `ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR`. Exposure time after `ThresholdPWL2` is reached.



If `ThresholdPWL2` is less than `ThresholdPWL1` (that is, enabled), `ExposureValuePWL2` must be greater than `ExposureValuePWL1`.

ThresholdPWL1

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 63 0 = no light in pixel, 63 = full pixel light capacity
Default	63
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure

Valid only if `ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR`. The first and highest threshold level in `PieceWiseLinearHDR`.



Leaving `ThresholdPWL1` at 63 disables the first threshold of `PieceWiseLinearHDR` mode, effectively disabling HDR mode.

ThresholdPWL2

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 63 <i>0</i> = no light capacity, <i>63</i> = full pixel light capacity
Default	<i>63</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure

Valid only if `ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR`. The second and lowest threshold level in `PieceWiseLinearHDR`.



Setting `ThresholdPWL2` above `ThresholdPWL1` disables the second threshold of `PieceWiseLinearHDR` mode.

Shutter

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>Off</i> , <i>On</i> , <i>SyncIn1</i> , <i>SyncIn2</i> , <i>SyncIn3</i> , <i>SyncIn4</i> , <i>SyncIn5</i>
Default	<i>On</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls

Control the mechanical shutter of Bigeye G-629B Cool cameras.

Value	Description
<i>Off</i>	Deactivate the mechanical shutter. Use this mode, if you operate the camera with pulsed light sources.
<i>On</i>	Activate the mechanical shutter. If activated, the mechanical shutter opens upon each exposure cycle and closes again, if the exposure is over. Use this mode, if you operate the camera with constant light sources, due to the full frame sensor.
<i>SyncIn1</i>	Controls the mechanical shutter dependent on the level of <i>LineIn1</i> .

Value	Description
<i>SyncIn2</i>	Controls the mechanical shutter dependent on the level of <i>LineIn2</i> .
<i>SyncIn3</i>	Controls the mechanical shutter dependent on the level of <i>LineIn3</i> .
<i>SyncIn4</i>	Controls the mechanical shutter dependent on the level of <i>LineIn4</i> .
<i>SyncIn5</i>	Controls the mechanical shutter dependent on the level of <i>LineIn5</i> .



The shutter feature is intended to control the exposure by means of a mechanical shutter. It must not be confused with any other exposure control feature. The mechanical shutter is available only on the Bigeye G-629B Cool camera.

MaxNonOverlappedExposure

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	μs
Range	0 to 4294967295
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Exposure

The maximum non-overlapped exposure value.

FpncControls

FpncEnable

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>true, false</i>
Default	<i>true</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls

Enable or disable fixed pattern noise correction.

GainControl

This feature controls the gain settings applied to the sensor.

Gain

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	0
Unit	1 dB
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/GainControl

$$G_{dB} = 20 \log \left(\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} \right)$$

The gain setting applied to the sensor. For best image quality, the gain setting must be set to zero. However, in low-light situations, it may be necessary to increase the gain setting.

GainAuto

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Off, Once, Continuous</i>
Default	<i>Off</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/GainControl

Auto algorithms use information from the camera's current image and apply the following settings to the next image. Large changes in scene lighting may require two to three frames for the algorithm to stabilize.



Auto algorithm adjusts using 1 dB gain steps. The camera must be acquiring images in order for the auto algorithm to update.

Value	Description
<i>Off</i>	The automatic mode is <i>Off</i> .
<i>Once</i>	Valid if <code>ExposureMode = Timed</code> or <code>PieceWiseLinearHDR</code> . Auto-gain occurs until target is achieved, then <code>GainAuto</code> returns to <i>Off</i> .
<i>Continuous</i>	Valid if <code>ExposureMode = Timed</code> or <code>PieceWiseLinearHDR</code> . The gain will vary continuously according to the scene illumination. The auto exposure function operates according to the <code>ExposureAutoControl</code> and <code>DSPSubregion</code> controls.

If using `ExposureAuto = Continuous` and `GainAuto = Continuous` simultaneously, priority is given to changes in exposure until `ExposureAutoMax` is reached, at which point priority is given to changes in gain. Adding simultaneous `IrisMode = Video/DCIris/PIrisAuto` results in undefined, “race to target” behavior.

You can configure the auto gain feature to respond only to a subregion within the image scene. This subregion can be configured with the `DSPSubregion` feature.

GainAutoControl

GainAutoAdjustTol

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 50
Default	5
Unit	Percent
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl

Tolerance in variation from `GainAutoTarget` in which the auto exposure algorithm will not respond. This feature is used to limit auto gain changes to only larger variations in scene lighting.



This prevents needless small adjustments from occurring each image.

GainAutoMax

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Unit	dB
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl

The upper bound to the gain setting in auto gain mode.

GainAutoMin

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	0
Unit	dB
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl

The lower bound to the gain setting in auto gain mode.

GainAutoOutliers

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 1000
Default	0
Unit	0.01%, i.e. 1000 = 10%
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl

The total pixels from top of the distribution that are ignored by the auto gain algorithm.



Number of upper outliers to discard before calculating gain adjustments. This is in ten-thousandths of the number pixels in the image.

GainAutoRate

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 100 1 (slowest) to 100 (fastest)
Default	100
Unit	Percent
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl

The rate at which the auto gain function changes. A percentage of the maximum rate.



Use this control to slow down the auto-gain adjustments.

GainAutoTarget

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 100
Default	50
Unit	Percent
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl

The general lightness or darkness of the auto gain feature. A percentage of maximum brightness.

GainSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible value	All
Default	All
Affected features	GainRaw, GainAuto
Category	/Controls/GainControl

Gain is applied to all channels or taps.

Gamma

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	1.00
Unit	Output = (Input) ^{Gamma}
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls

Gamma controls the mode for automatic white balancing between the color channels. The white balancing ratios are automatically adjusted. Controls the gamma correction of pixel intensity. This is typically used to compensate for non-linearity of the display system (Nonlinear brightness control). Applies gamma value to the raw sensor signal (via LUT).

Value	Description
1.00	Gamma OFF (no Gamma correction)
Values other than 1.00	Gamma ON



Manta type A

If Gamma is *ON*, LUT 1 is used to do the gamma transform. The original LUT values are stored temporarily. If Gamma is *ON*, and you read out LUT1: you only get stored LUT values but not Gamma values. In general, Gamma values cannot be read out.

If Gamma is *OFF*, LUT position 1 contains optional user defined LUT values.



Manta type B, Mako G, and Prosilica GT cameras have a standalone gamma function which does not share resources with look-up tables.

Hue

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	0.00
Unit	Degrees
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls

Alters color of image without altering white balance. Takes float input, although rounds to integer. Only valid if using on-camera interpolated pixel formats.



Hue turns the color vectors in the UV plane. It is one degree per step.

IODMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>Continuous, IOD, LineIn1, LineIn2, LineIn3, LineIn4, LineIn5</i>
Default	<i>IOD</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls

Set camera to continuous or IOD mode.

Value	Description
<i>Continuous</i>	The camera requires no external exposure signal. The camera generates a constant exposure time independently. The exposure time is equal to frame readout time and cannot be adjusted. Bigeye G-132B Cool, Bigeye G-283B Cool, and Bigeye G-1100B Cool achieve maximum frame rate in continuous mode only.
<i>IOD</i>	Controls IOD mode. In this mode the camera needs an external trigger signal or a timer driven internal exposure signal.
<i>LineIn1</i>	The camera is switched between <i>IOD</i> and <i>Continuous</i> mode, dependent on the level of <i>LineIn1</i> .
<i>LineIn2</i>	The camera is switched between <i>IOD</i> and <i>Continuous</i> mode, dependent on the level of <i>LineIn2</i> .
<i>LineIn3</i>	The camera is switched between <i>IOD</i> and <i>Continuous</i> mode, dependent on the level of <i>LineIn3</i> .
<i>LineIn4</i>	The camera is switched between <i>IOD</i> and <i>Continuous</i> mode, dependent on the level of <i>LineIn4</i> .
<i>LineIn5</i>	The camera is switched between <i>IOD</i> and <i>Continuous</i> mode, dependent on the level of <i>LineIn5</i> .



If *Continuous* mode is activated, no external exposure signal is allowed. Set `TriggerSelector` to `FrameStart` and `TriggerSource` to an unused external trigger Line.

Iris

Auto iris lens support. Supported auto iris lens types (camera dependent): video, DC, and P-Iris. Prosilica GT series detects lens type on power up. DC settings will not apply if P-Iris lens connected. P-Iris settings will not apply if DC-Iris lens connected.

The auto iris algorithm calculates `IrisAutoTarget` based on information of the current image, and applies this to the next image. Large changes in scene lighting may require two to three frames for the algorithm to stabilize. Adding simultaneous `GainAuto = Continuous`, or `ExposureAuto = Continuous`, to `IrisMode = Video/DCIris/PIrisAuto` results in undefined, “race to target” behavior.



The camera must be acquiring images in order for the auto algorithm to update.

IrisAutoTarget

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 100 0 being black, 100 being white
Default	50
Unit	Percent
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Iris

Controls the general lightness or darkness of the auto iris feature; specifically the target mean histogram level of the image.

IrisMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Disabled, Video, VideoOpen, VideoClose, PIrisAuto, PIrisManual, DCIris</i>
Default	<i>Disabled</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Iris

Sets the auto iris mode. Valid if ExposureMode = *Timed* or *PieceWiseLinearHDR*.

Value	Description
<i>Disabled</i>	Disable auto iris.
<i>Video</i>	Enable video iris. Video-type lenses only.
<i>VideoOpen</i>	Fully open a video iris. Video-type lenses only.
<i>VideoClose</i>	Full close a video iris. Video-type lenses only.
<i>PIrisAuto</i>	Enable precise auto iris. P-Iris lenses only.
<i>PIrisManual</i>	Manually control iris via <code>LensPIrisPosition</code> feature. P-Iris lenses only.
<i>DCIris</i>	Enable DC auto iris. DC-Iris lenses only.

IrisVideoLevel

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 150
Default	0
Unit	mV
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Iris

The current video iris level, which is the strength of the video signal coming from the camera. Dependent on lens type. If calibrating a video lens, this value must fall between `IrisVideoLevelMin` and `IrisVideoLevelMax`.

Lens type	Range	Description
Video-type lenses	0 to 150	Reference voltage. This value must fall between <code>IrisVideoLevelMin</code> and <code>IrisVideoLevelMax</code>
P-Iris lenses	0 to 100	Attempts to match <code>IrisAutoTarget</code>
DC-Iris lenses	0 to 100	Attempts to match <code>IrisAutoTarget</code>

IrisVideoLevelMax

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 150
Default	Camera dependent
Unit	10 mV; Manta: 13.2 mV
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Iris

Video-type lenses only. Limits the maximum driving voltage for closing the lens iris. Typically, this is 150; however, it may vary depending on the lens reference voltage. A lower minimum value slows the adjustment time but prevents excessive overshoot.

IrisVideoLevelMin

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 150
Default	Camera dependent
Unit	10 mV; Manta: 13.2 mV
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Iris

Video-type lenses only. Limits the minimum driving voltage for opening the lens iris. A higher minimum value slows the adjustment time but prevents excessive overshoot.

LensDCIris

DC-Iris lenses only.

LensDCDriveStrength

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 50
Default	10
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Iris/LensDCIris

Lens drive voltage. Altering this value changes the speed at which a DC-Iris lens operates. The lower the value, the slower the lens operates. A higher value may result in iris oscillation. The optimal value is lens dependent. Larger lenses typically require a larger drive voltage.

LensPIris

P-Iris lenses only. P-Iris allows discrete iris positions using an internal lens stepping motor.



For a list of P-Iris supported lenses, see the P-Iris Lenses Supported by Prosilica GT Cameras application note:

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-papers-knowledge-base.html>

LensPirisFrequency

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 1000
Default	100
Unit	Hz
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Iris/LensPIris

The stepping motor drive rate. Lens dependent. Use the value defined in *Prosilica GT Technical Manual*, or contact the lens manufacturer.

LensPirisNumSteps

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 1023
Default	50
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Iris/LensPIris

Maximum number of discrete iris or aperture positions. Use the value defined in *Prosilica GT Technical Manual*, or contact the lens manufacturer.

LensPirisPosition

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 1022
Default	50
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Iris/LensPIris

Iris or aperture position. Manually control iris in *PIrisManual* mode, or read back iris position in *PIrisAuto* mode. 0 represents fully open and 1022 represents fully closed position. Values greater than *LensPirisNumSteps* are ignored/not written.

LensDrive

Open loop DC three-axis lens control.

LensDriveCommand

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Stop, IrisTimedOpen, IrisTimedClose, FocusTimedNear, FocusTimedFar, ZoomTimedIn, ZoomTimedOut</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/LensDrive

Setting to any non-Stop value will execute the function for LensDriveDuration and then return to *Stop*.

Value	Description
<i>Stop</i>	No action
<i>IrisTimedOpen</i>	Open lens iris
<i>IrisTimedClose</i>	Close lens iris
<i>FocusTimedNear</i>	Shorten working distance
<i>FocusTimedFar</i>	Lengthen working distance
<i>ZoomTimedIn</i>	Zoom in
<i>ZoomTimedOut</i>	Zoom out

LensDriveDuration

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 5000
Default	0
Unit	ms
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/LensDrive

The duration of timed lens commands.

LensVoltage

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 12000
Default	0
Unit	mV
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/LensDrive

Reports the lens power supply voltage.

LensVoltageControl

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 12000
Default	0
Unit	mV * 100001
Affected features	LensVoltage
Category	/Controls/LensDrive

Lens power supply voltage control. See lens documentation for appropriate voltage level. Set desired lens voltage in mV*100001. This is done to prevent users inadvertently setting an inappropriate voltage, possibly damaging the lens. If a bad value is written this control resets to 0.

LUTControl

Use of a LUT allows any function (in the form $Output = F(Input)$) to be stored in the camera's memory and to be applied on the individual pixels of an image at runtime.



Color cameras only

LUTControl with single color panes will not work if binning is enabled, due to loss of color information.

LUTEnable

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	<i>true, false</i>
Default	<i>false</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/LUTControl

Controls the selected LUT.

LUTIndex

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to $(2^{LUTBitDepthIn} - 1)$
Default	0
Affected features	LUTValue
Category	/Controls/LUTControl

Controls the index (offset) of coefficient to access in the selected LUT.

LUTInfo

This control provides active LUT information.

LUTAddress

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Guru
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/LUTControl/LUTInfo

Indicates location of memory, if a LUT is loaded.

LUTBitDepthIn

Display name	LUTBitLengthIn
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Guru
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/LUTControl/LUTInfo

The bit depth of the input value of the LUT block.

LUTBitDepthOut

Display name	LUTBitLengthOut
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Guru
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/LUTControl/LUTInfo

The bit depth of the output value of the LUT block.

LUTSizeBytes

Display name	LUTSize
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Guru
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/LUTControl/LUTInfo

The memory size of the active LUT.

LUTLoadAll / LUTLoad

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	LUTSaveAll
Category	/Controls/LUTControl

Loads the LUT from flash memory into volatile memory of the camera.

LUTMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	<i>Luminance, Red, Green, Blue</i>
Default	<i>Luminance</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/LUTControl

Selects on which pixels the selected LUT (depending on `LUTSelector`) is applied.

Value	Description
<i>Luminance</i>	LUT is applied on all pixels.
<i>Red</i>	LUT is applied on red pixels only.
<i>Green</i>	LUT is applied on green pixels only.
<i>Blue</i>	LUT is applied on blue pixels only.



To avoid confusion, especially with color cameras, we recommend the following steps:

1. Configure the LUT modes.
2. Enable the LUT.

LUTSaveAll / LUTSave

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	LUTLoadAll
Category	/Controls/LUTControl

Saves the LUT from volatile memory into flash memory of the camera.



With `UserSets` control (`UserSetSave` command) you cannot save the contents of the LUT.

LUTSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	<i>LUT1, LUT2, LUT3</i>
Default	<i>LUT1</i>
Affected features	LUTMode, LUTEnable, LUTIndex, LUTValue, LUTBitDepthIn, LUTBitDepthOut, LUTAddress, LUTSizeBytes
Category	/Controls/LUTControl

Selects which LUT is used. These LUTs are camera specific.

LUTValue

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to $(2^{\text{LUTBitDepthOut}} - 1)$
Default	4095
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/LUTControl

Returns or sets the value at entry LUTIndex.

NirMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>Off, On_HighQuality, On_Fast</i>
Default	<i>Off</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls

Select three different NIR modes. The modes differ in quantum efficiency, frame rates, and anti-blooming characteristics

Value	Description
<i>Off</i>	<p>NirMode set off. Acquire and readout image at same time.</p> <p>NIR sensitivity: No increased sensitivity in NIR range</p> <p>Anti-blooming characteristics: As specified by sensor manufacturer</p> <p>Usage: Best suited if you need very long exposure time</p>

Value	Description
<i>On_HighQuality</i>	<p>Cannot acquire and readout image at same time. The exposure time will always influence frame rate directly.</p> <p>NIR sensitivity: Increased NIR sensitivity, except for a very small portion of the exposure time, which is: $t_{\text{NormalQE}} = \text{MIN}(4300 \mu\text{s}, \text{ExposureTimeAbs}/4)$</p> <p>Anti-blooming characteristics: Very good if, <i>ExposureAuto = Off</i> Adaptively reduced if, <i>ExposureTimeAbs < 13200 μs</i> or <i>ExposureAuto = other</i></p> <p>Usage: Best suited for medium length exposure times and HDR light conditions</p>
<i>On_Fast</i>	<p>Acquire and readout image at same time.</p> <p>NIR sensitivity: Increased NIR sensitivity during total exposure time</p> <p>Anti-blooming characteristics: Reduced anti-blooming characteristics</p> <p>Usage: Best suited for low-light applications and small exposure times, if a high frame rate is desired</p>

Saturation

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0.00 to 2
Default	1
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls

Alters color intensity. Only valid if using on-camera interpolated pixel formats.

Value	Description
0	Monochrome
1	Default saturation
2	Maximum possible saturation that can be applied



Saturation puts gain to the color vectors in the UV plane.

SubstrateVoltage

VsubValue

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Unit	mV
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/SubstrateVoltage

CCD substrate voltage. Optimized by Allied Vision for each sensor.

Whitebalance

BalanceRatioAbs

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0.8 to 3
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Whitebalance/

Adjusts the gain of the channel selected in the `BalanceRatioSelector`.
`BalanceRatioAbs = 1` means no gain is applied.



The green channel gain is always 1, as this is the luminance or reference channel.
 To increase or decrease green, decrease or increase red and blue accordingly.

BalanceRatioSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Red, Blue</i>
Default	<i>Red</i>
Affected features	BalanceRatioAbs
Category	/Controls/Whitebalance/

Select the red or blue channel to adjust with BalanceRatioAbs.

BalanceWhiteAuto

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Off, Once, Continuous</i>
Default	<i>Off</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Whitebalance/

Auto algorithms use information from the camera's current image and apply the following settings to the next image; for instance, the camera must be acquiring images in order for the auto algorithm to update. Large changes in scene lighting may require two to three frames for the algorithm to stabilize.

You can configure the auto white balance feature to respond only to a subregion within the image scene. This subregion can be configured with the DSPSubregion feature.

Value	Description
<i>Off</i>	Auto white balance is off. White balance can be adjusted directly by changing the BalanceRatioSelector and BalanceRatioAbs.

Value	Description
<i>Once</i>	Valid if ExposureMode = <i>Timed</i> or <i>PieceWiseLinearHDR</i> . A single iteration of the auto white balance algorithm is run, and then BalanceWhiteAuto returns to <i>Off</i> . The <i>Once</i> value operates according to the ExposureAuto and DSPSubregion controls.
<i>Continuous</i>	Valid if ExposureMode = <i>Timed</i> or <i>PieceWiseLinearHDR</i> . White balance will continuously adjust according to the current scene. The <i>continuous</i> function operates according to the ExposureAuto and DSPSubregion controls.

BalanceWhiteAutoControl

BalanceWhiteAutoAdjustTol

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 50
Default	5
Unit	Percent
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Whitebalance/ BalanceWhiteAutoControl

Tolerance allowed from the ideal white balance values, within which the auto white balance does not run. It is used to limit white balance setting changes to only larger variations in color.



This prevents needless small adjustments from occurring each image.

BalanceWhiteAutoRate

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 100 1 (slowest) to 100 (fastest)
Default	100
Unit	Percent
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Controls/Whitebalance/ BalanceWhiteAutoControl

The rate of white balance adjustments. It is used to slow the rate of color balance change so that only longer period fluctuations affect color.

DeviceStatus

DeviceTemperature

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Degree Celsius
Resolution	0.031
Accuracy	±1 °C
Affected features	n/a
Category	/DeviceStatus

Reports the temperature that is defined by `DeviceTemperatureSelector`.

DeviceTemperatureSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Main, Sensor</i>
Affected features	DeviceTemperature
Category	/DeviceStatus

Selects one of the built-in temperature sensors within the camera. Not all cameras support main board and sensor support. See the camera technical manuals to find out more information on main board and sensor temperature support.

EventControl

This chapter describes how to control the generation of events to the host application. An event is a message that is sent to the host application to notify it of the occurrence of an internal event.

EventData

Origin of feature	Camera
Visibility	Beginner
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Category	/EventControl/EventData

The following table lists all the events supported by the camera.

Event	Event
EventAcquisitionEndFrameID	EventLine1RisingEdgeFrameID
EventAcquisitionEndTimestamp	EventLine1RisingEdgeTimestamp
EventAcquisitionRecordTriggerFrameID	EventLine2FallingEdgeFrameID
EventAcquisitionRecordTriggerTimestamp	EventLine2FallingEdgeTimestamp
EventAcquisitionStartFrameID	EventLine2RisingEdgeFrameID
EventAcquisitionStartTimestamp	EventLine2RisingEdgeTimestamp
EventAction0FrameID	EventLine3FallingEdgeFrameID
EventAction0Timestamp	EventLine3FallingEdgeTimestamp
EventAction1FrameID	EventLine3RisingEdgeFrameID
EventAction1Timestamp	EventLine3RisingEdgeTimestamp
EventErrorFrameID	EventLine4FallingEdgeFrameID
EventErrorTimestamp	EventLine4FallingEdgeTimestamp
EventExposureEndFrameID	EventLine4RisingEdgeFrameID
EventExposureEndTimestamp	EventLine4RisingEdgeTimestamp
EventExposureStartFrameID	EventOverflowFrameID
EventExposureStartTimestamp	EventOverflowTimestamp
EventFrameTriggerFrameID	EventPtpSyncLockedFrameID
EventFrameTriggerTimestamp	EventPtpSyncLockedTimestamp
EventLine1FallingEdgeFrameID	EventPtpSyncLostFrameID
EventLine1FallingEdgeTimestamp	EventPtpSyncLostTimestamp

EventID

EventAcquisitionEnd

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40001
Affected features	EventAcquisitionEndTimestamp, EventAcquisitionEndFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventAcquisitionRecordTrigger

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40004
Affected features	EventAcquisitionRecordTriggerTimestamp, EventAcquisitionRecordTriggerFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventAcquisitionStart

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40000
Affected features	EventAcquisitionStartTimestamp, EventAcquisitionStartFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventAction0

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40020
Affected features	EventAction0Timestamp, EventAction0FrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventAction1

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40021
Affected features	EventAction1Timestamp, EventAction1FrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventError

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	65535
Affected features	EventErrorTimestamp, EventErrorFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

The error event occurs if there is a problem on the camera; this event should be reported to technical support. If you use the message channel for event notification, you are always subscribed to this event.

EventExposureEnd

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40003
Affected features	EventExposureEndTimestamp, EventExposureEndFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventExposureStart

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40019
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.4 or later
Affected features	EventExposureStartTimestamp, EventExposureStartFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

The Exposure Start event occurs if the exposure start event occurs.

EventFrameTrigger

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40002
Affected features	EventFrameTriggerTimestamp, EventFrameTriggerFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventFrameTriggerReady

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	R/C
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40018
Affected features	EventFrameTriggerReadyTimestamp, EventFrameTriggerReadyFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

The Frame Trigger event occurs if the camera is ready for another frame acquisition.

EventLine1FallingEdge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40011
Affected features	EventLine1FallingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine1FallingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventLine1RisingEdge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40010
Affected features	EventLine1RisingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine1RisingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventLine2FallingEdge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40013
Affected features	EventLine2FallingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine2FallingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventLine2RisingEdge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40012
Affected features	EventLine2RisingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine2RisingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventLine3FallingEdge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40015
Affected features	EventLine3FallingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine3FallingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventLine3RisingEdge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40014
Affected features	EventLine3RisingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine3RisingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventLine4FallingEdge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40017
Affected features	EventLine4FallingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine4FallingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventLine4RisingEdge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40016
Affected features	EventLine4RisingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine4RisingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

ID value of event.

EventOverflow

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	65534
Affected features	EventOverflowTimestamp, EventOverflowFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

The overflow event occurs if one or more notification events are lost on the camera. If you use the message channel for event notification, you are always subscribed to this event.

EventPtpSyncLocked

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40006
Affected features	EventPtpSyncLockedTimestamp, EventPtpSyncLockedFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

The camera has acquired synchronization to the master clock.

EventPtpSyncLost

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40005
Affected features	EventPtpSyncLostTimestamp, EventPtpSyncLostFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

The camera has lost synchronization to the master clock.



If you use the message channel for event notification, you are always subscribed to *EventOverflow* and *EventError* events.



There is no mechanism to detect the loss of events during transportation. If mis-configured, cameras may produce lots of events; more than a PC can handle.

EventNotification

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>On, Off</i>
Default	<i>Off</i>
Affected features	EventsEnable1
Category	/EventControl

Activates event notification on the GigE Vision message channel.

EventSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>AcquisitionStart, AcquisitionEnd, AcquisitionRecordTrigger, ExposureStart, ExposureEnd, FrameTrigger, FrameTriggerReady, PtpSyncLocked, PtpSyncLost, Line1FallingEdge, Line2FallingEdge, Line3FallingEdge, Line4FallingEdge, Line1RisingEdge, Line2RisingEdge, Line3RisingEdge, Line4RisingEdge, Action0, Action1,</i>
Default	<i>AcquisitionStart</i>
Affected features	EventNotification, EventsEnable1
Category	/EventControl

Selects a specific event to be enabled or disabled using `EventNotification`.

EventsEnable1

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 4294967295
Default	0
Affected features	EventNotification
Category	/EventControl

Bit field of all events. For example:

<i>Bit 1</i>	EventAcquisitionStart
<i>Bit 2</i>	EventAcquisitionEnd
<i>Bit 3</i>	EventFrameTrigger
<i>Bit 19</i>	EventFrameTriggerReady

This is an alternative to setting each event individually using the `EventNotification` and `EventSelector` method.



Activate event-notification on the GigE Vision message channel. For programmers, see register documentation.

GigE

BandwidthControlMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>StreamBytesPerSecond, SCPD, Both</i>
Default	<i>StreamBytesPerSecond</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE

Selects the desired mode of bandwidth control.

Value	Description
<i>StreamBytesPerSecond</i>	See the <i>StreamBytesPerSecond</i> feature for more information
<i>SCPD</i>	Stream channel packet delay expressed in timestamp counter units. This mode may be used to limit the rate of data from the camera to the host. It works by inserting a delay between successive stream channel packets, e.g., the longer the delay, the slower the data rate. This mode is not recommended
<i>Both</i>	Implements a combination of control modes. This mode is not recommended



Bandwidth allocation can be controlled by *StreamBytesPerSecond*, or by register *SCPD0*. If you do not understand *SCPD0* and how this driver uses this register, leave this set to *StreamBytesPerSecond*.

ChunkModeActive

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	<i>true, false</i>
Default	<i>false</i>
Affected features	PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize
Category	/GigE

Enables camera to send GVSP chunk data with an image. ChunkModeActive is read-only during acquisition.

The currently implemented chunk data.

Byte	Description
Bytes 1 to 4	Acquisition count Big-endian
Byte 5	<p>These eight bits indicate the following EF lens settings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Bit 7 (Error)</i>: If this bit is set to 1, the EF lens is in an error state, bits 2 to 5 indicate enumerated value of last error, and all other bits and bytes is 0. • <i>Bit 6 (Lens attached)</i>: If this bit is set to 1, an EF lens is attached to camera. • <i>Bit 5 (Auto focus)</i>: If this bit is set to 1, the EF lens manual/auto focus switch is set to the auto focus position. • <i>Bits 2 to 4 (Last error)</i>: Enumerated error value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 0: No error detected - 1: Lens failed query by camera - 2: Lens communication error (can occur when removing lens) - 3: Lens communication error (can occur when removing lens) - 4: Lens remained busy for longer than 10 seconds - 5: Lens focus “Zero Stop” not detected - 6: Lens focus “Infinity Stop” not detected • <i>Bits 0 to 1</i>: Upper 2 bits of focus percentage value (see Byte 6). Big-endian
Byte 6	<p>These eight bits in conjunction with bits 0 to 1 of Byte 5, indicate the current focus position of the EF lens in (percentage of maximum focus range) * 10 (i.e. 1000 = 100 percent = Infinity Stop).</p> <p>If the lens manual/auto focus switch is in the manual position these bits is 0. Big-endian</p>

Byte	Description
Byte 7	These eight bits indicate the current aperture position of the EF lens in Dn. To convert Dn to F-Stop value, use formula: $F\text{-Stop} = 2^{[(Dn - 8) / 16]}$. Big-endian
Byte 8	These eight bits indicate the current focal length of the EF lens in mm. Big-endian
Bytes 9 to 12	Exposure value in μs . Big-endian
Bytes 13 to 16	Gain value in dB. For Prosilica GT1930, GT1930C, GT1930L and GT1930LC models: Gain value in tenths of dB (i.e. 201 represents 20.1 dB) Big-endian
Bytes 17 to 18	Sync-in levels. A bit field. Bit 0 is sync-in 0, bit 1 is sync-in 1, etc. A bit value of 1 = level high, and a bit value of 0 = level low. Big-endian
Bytes 19 to 20	Sync-out levels. A bit field. Bit 0 is sync-out 0, bit 1 is sync-out 1, etc. A bit value of 1 = level high, and a bit value of 0 = level low. Big-endian
Bytes 21 to 24	Reserved. 0 Big-endian
Bytes 25 to 28	Reserved. 0 Big-endian
Bytes 29 to 32	Reserved. 0 Big-endian
Bytes 33 to 36	Reserved. 0 Big-endian
Bytes 37 to 40	Reserved. 0 Big-endian
Bytes 41 to 44	Chunk ID. 1000 Little-endian
Bytes 45 to 48	Chunk length Little-endian

Configuration

GevIPConfigurationApply

Display name	IP Configuration Apply
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/Configuration

Apply the IP configuration mode selected by `GevIPConfigurationMode`.

GevIPConfigurationMode

Display name	IP Configuration Mode
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>LLA, DHCP, Persistent</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/Configuration

The current IP configuration mode.

Current

GevCurrentDefaultGateway

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Current Default Gateway
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/Current

The IP address of the default gateway of the camera.

GevCurrentIPAddress

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Current IP Address
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/Current

The current IP address of the camera.

GevCurrentSubnetMask

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Current Subnet Mask
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/Current

The current subnet mask of the camera.

GVCP



GVCP is an interface standard for machine vision cameras which runs on the UDP protocol.

Allied Vision GigE cameras have a sophisticated real time resend mechanism that ensures a high degree of data integrity.

GVCPCmdRetries

Display name	Command Retries
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	1 to 9
Default	5
Affected features	GevHeartbeatTimeout, GevHeartbeatInterval, GVCPHBInterval
Category	/GigE/GVCP

Controls the maximum number of resend requests that the host will attempt when trying to recover a lost packet.

GVCPCmdTimeout

Display name	Command Timeout
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	100 to 1000
Default	250
Unit	ms
Affected features	GevHeartbeatTimeout, GevHeartbeatInterval, GVCPHBInterval
Category	/GigE/GVCP

The timeout waiting for an answer from the camera.

GevHeartbeatInterval

Display name	Heartbeat Interval
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	200 to 1450
Default	1450
Unit	ms
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	GVCPHBInterval
Category	/GigE/GVCP

The driver sends heartbeat packets to the camera every `GevHeartbeatInterval` milliseconds.

GevHeartbeatTimeout

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Heartbeat Timeout
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	500 to 10000
Default	3000
Unit	ms
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	<code>GevHeartbeatInterval</code> , <code>GVCPHBInterval</code>
Category	/GigE/GVCP

The driver sends heartbeat packets to the camera. If a heartbeat packet is not received within `GevHeartbeatTimeout`, the camera assumes the host has closed its controlling application or is dead, and closes its stream and control channel.

This parameter may need to be increased if stepping through code in a debugging tool, as this prevents the driver from sending heartbeat packets.

GVCPHBInterval

Display name	Heartbeat Interval
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Range	500 to 5000
Default	3000
Unit	ms
Vimba version	Up to Vimba V1.2.1
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/GVCP

The driver sends a heartbeat request packet to the camera every `GVCPHBInterval` milliseconds. If the camera fails to respond to the heartbeat request, a retry is sent `GVCPCmdTimeout` ms later. After `GVCPCmdRetries` retries with no response, a camera unplugged event is returned by the driver.



This parameter can be increased significantly to bypass problems if debugging applications.

GevSCPSPacketSize

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	Camera dependent
Default	Camera dependent
Unit	Bytes
Affected features	<code>StreamBytesPerSecond</code> , <code>AcquisitionFrameRateAbs</code> , <code>ExposureTimeAbs</code> , <code>AcquisitionFrameRateLimit</code> , <code>StreamHoldCapacity</code> , <code>GVSPPacketSize</code>
Category	/GigE

This parameter determines the Ethernet packet size. Generally, this number must be set to as large as the network card (or other involved active networking components) will allow. If this number is reduced, then CPU loading will increase.

These large packet sizes (>1500 bytes) are called jumbo packets or frames in Ethernet terminology. If your GigE network card does not support jumbo packets or frames of at least 8228 bytes (the camera default on power up), then you will need to reduce the `GevSCPSPacketSize` parameter of the camera to match the maximum jumbo packet size supported by your GigE interface. A `GevSCPSPacketSize` of 1500 bytes is a safe setting which all GigE network cards support.



If you see all black images, or all frames reported as `StatFrameDropped` and zero images reported as `StatFrameDelivered`, you will likely need to decrease this parameter.

NonImagePayloadSize

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 4294967295
Unit	Bytes
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE

The maximum size of chunk data, not including the image chunk, in the image block payload. If `ChunkModeActive = false` then `NonImagePayloadSize = 0`.

PTP

PTP manages clock synchronization of multiple devices across an Ethernet network, with $\pm 1 \mu\text{s}$ tolerance. Once the clocks of the devices are synchronized, a synchronous software trigger can be sent to Allied Vision cameras via the `PtpAcquisitionGateTime` control. On Allied Vision GigE cameras, the device clock is represented by the camera `GevTimestampValue` feature.



For more information on PTP, see the IEEE 1588-2008 standard:

<http://standards.ieee.org/findstds/standard/1588-2008.html>

PtpAcquisitionGateTime

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to $(2^{63}-1)$
Default	0
Unit	ns
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/PTP

`PtpAcquisition` trigger time. Used to schedule a synchronized software trigger on multiple PTP synchronized device. `PtpAcquisitionGateTime` must be set beyond current camera `GevTimestampValue`, for instance $\text{GevTimestampValue} \geq \text{PtpAcquisitionGateTime}$. If set below `GevTimestampValue`, image acquisition stalls. `PtpAcquisitionGateTime` resets to zero if `PtpMode` set to *Off*.

PtpMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Off, Slave, Master, Auto</i>
Default	<i>Off</i>
Affected features	PtpAcquisitionGateTime
Category	/GigE/PTP

Controls the PTP device behavior.



If using the camera event channel, a `EventPtpSyncLost` is sent if `PtpMode` is changed. `EventPtpSyncLocked` is sent once PTP synchronization is re-established.

Value	Description
<i>Off</i>	This camera's <code>GevTimestampValue</code> is not synchronized with any other device. <code>PtpAcquisitionGateTime</code> resets to zero.
<i>Slave</i>	This camera's <code>GevTimestampValue</code> is altered to align with a master device's clock.
<i>Master</i>	This camera's <code>GevTimestampValue</code> is the master clock. All other PTP enabled slave devices synchronize their clock to this camera.
<i>Auto</i>	This camera uses the IEEE 1588 best master clock algorithm to determine which camera is master, and which are subordinates. It may be assigned as either. There may be several state transitions prior to synchronization.

PtpStatus

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Disabled, Initializing, Listening, Master, Passive, Uncalibrated, Slave</i>
Default	<i>Disabled</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/PTP

The state of the PTP operation.

Value	Description
<i>Disabled</i>	Camera PtpMode is set to <i>Off</i> .
<i>Initializing</i>	PTP is being initialized. If camera or PTP device is being initialized, all devices statuses are set to initializing. This state appears very briefly.
<i>Listening</i>	Device is listening for other PTP enabled devices. The purpose of this state is to determine which device will act as master.
<i>Master</i>	Device acting as master clock. If a better master clock is determined, device will go to <i>Listening, Uncalibrated</i> , and finally <i>Slave</i> .
<i>Passive</i>	If there are two or more devices with PtpMode = <i>Master</i> , this device has an inferior clock and is not synchronized to the master.
<i>Uncalibrated</i>	PTP synchronization not yet achieved. Subordinate devices are synchronizing with master.
<i>Slave</i>	PTP synchronization between this device and master is achieved. Device is acting as a subordinate to another device's master clock.



PTP capable cameras with firmware < 01.54.11026 have PtpStatus = [*Off, Master, Syncing, Slave, Error*].

PayloadSize

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Bytes
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE

The total size of image block payload.

If <code>ChunkModeActive = true</code>	Then <code>PayloadSize = ImageSize + NonImagePayloadSize + 8</code>
If <code>ChunkModeActive = false</code>	Then <code>PayloadSize = ImageSize</code>

Persistent

GevPersistentDefaultGateway

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Persistent Default Gateway
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/Persistent

The persistent default gateway of the camera.

GevPersistentIPAddress

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Persistent IP Address
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/Persistent

The persistent IPv4 address of the camera.

GevPersistentSubnetMask

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Persistent Subnet Mask
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/Persistent

The persistent subnet mask of the camera.

StreamBytesPerSecond

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1,000,000 to 124,000,000 248,000,000 for Prosilica GX in LAG mode
Unit	Bps
Affected features	AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/GigE

Moderates the data rate of the camera. This is particularly useful for slowing the camera down so that it can operate over slower links such as Fast Ethernet (100 Mbps), or wireless networks. It is also an important control for multiple camera situations. If multiple cameras are connected to a single GigE port (usually through a switch), `StreamBytesPerSecond` for each camera needs to be set to a value so that the sum of each camera's `StreamBytesPerSecond` parameter does not exceed the data rate of the GigE port. Setting the parameter in this way will ensure that multiple-camera situations work without packet collisions, for instance data loss.

To calculate the required minimum `StreamBytesPerSecond` setting for a camera in any image mode, use the following formula:

`StreamBytesPerSecond = Height × Width × FrameRate × Bytes per Pixel`

115,000,000 bps is the typical maximum data rate for a GigE port. Beyond this setting, some network cards will drop packets.



If you are seeing occasional frames or packets reported as `StatFrameDropped` / `StatPacketMissed` you will likely need to decrease this parameter.

StreamFrameRateConstrain

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	true, false
Default	true
Affected features	AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/GigE

If *true*, the camera automatically limits frame rate to bandwidth, determined by `StreamBytesPerSecond`, to prevent camera buffer overflows and dropped frames. If *false*, the frame rate is not limited to bandwidth (only sensor readout time). Latter case is useful for `AcquisitionMode = Recorder` or `StreamHoldEnable = On` modes, as these modes are not bandwidth limited.

StreamHold

Normally, the camera sends data to the host PC immediately after completion of exposure. Enabling `StreamHold` delays the transmission of data, storing it in on-camera memory, until `StreamHold` is disabled.

This feature can be useful to prevent GigE network flooding in situations where a large number of cameras connected to a single host PC are capturing a single event. Using the `StreamHold` function, each camera will hold the event image data until the host PC disables `StreamHold` for each camera in turn.

StreamHoldCapacity

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Frames
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/StreamHold

The maximum number of images (for the current size and format), which can be stored on the camera if `StreamHold` is enabled. Used if `AcquisitionMode = Recorder`, or `StreamHoldEnable = On`. This value is different for each camera depending on the camera internal memory size and the `ImageSize`.

StreamHoldEnable

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>On, Off</i>
Default	<i>Off</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/StreamHold

Control on-camera image storage; this control is like a “pause” button for the image stream.

Value	Description
<i>On</i>	Images remain stored on the camera, and are not transmitted to the host.
<i>Off</i>	The image stream resumes, and any stored images are sent to the host.

Timestamp

Allied Vision GigE cameras have a very accurate timestamp function for timestamping images.



Use PTP for synchronizing cameras.

GevTimestampControlLatch

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	GevTimestampControlReset
Category	/GigE/Timestamp

Captures timestamp and stores it in `GevTimestampValue`.

GevTimestampControlReset

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	GevTimestampControlLatch
Category	/GigE/Timestamp

Resets the camera's timestamp to 0. This is not possible while PTP is enabled; if *PtpMode* is set to *Master* or *Auto*.

GevTimestampTickFrequency

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 4294967295
Default	<i>Camera dependent</i>
Unit	Hz
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/Timestamp

The frequency of the image timestamp. The image timestamp can be useful for determining whether images are missing from a sequence due to missing trigger events. Cameras offering clock synchronization via PTP will have a *GevTimestampTickFrequency* of 1,000,000,000.

GevTimestampValue

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Camera clock ticks
Affected features	n/a
Category	/GigE/Timestamp

The value of timestamp, if latched by `GevTimestampControlLatch`.

IO

The control and readout of all camera I/Os. The number of I/Os is camera model dependent.

StatusLED

StatusLedLevels

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Range	0 to 4294967296
Default	0
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/StatusLED

Status LED levels in GPO mode.



StatusLedPolarity can invert these values.

StatusLedPolarity

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>Normal, Invert</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/StatusLED

The polarity applied to the status LED specified by StatusLedSelector.

StatusLedSelector

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>StatusLed1</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/StatusLED

Select the status LED to be controlled with `StatusLedSource` and `StatusLedPolarity`.

StatusLedSource

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>GPO, AcquisitionTriggerReady, FrameTriggerReady, FrameTrigger, Exposing, FrameReadout, Imaging, Acquiring, Line1, Line2, Line3, Line4, CCDTemperatureOK, Strobel</i>
Default	<i>Exposing</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/StatusLED

The signal source of the status LED specified by `StatusLedSelector`.

Value	Description
<i>GPO</i>	General purpose output.
<i>AcquisitionTriggerReady</i>	Active once the camera has been recognized by the host PC and is ready to start acquisition.
<i>FrameTriggerReady</i>	Becomes active if the camera is in a state that will accept the next frame trigger.
<i>FrameTrigger</i>	This is the logic trigger signal inside of the camera. It is initiated by an external trigger or software trigger.
<i>Exposing</i>	Exposure in progress.
<i>FrameReadout</i>	Becomes active at the start of frame readout.
<i>Imaging</i>	Exposing or frame readout. Active if the camera is exposing or reading out frame data.
<i>Acquiring</i>	Becomes active at the start of acquisition.
<i>LineIn1/2/3/4</i>	External input <i>Line1, Line2, Line3, Line4</i> .

Value	Description
<i>CCDTemperatureOK</i>	Only for cameras that support this feature: indicates if camera has reached the desired temperature value.
<i>Strobe1</i>	Source is strobe timing unit.

Strobe



Strobe is an internal signal generator for on-camera clocking functions. Valid if any of the *SyncOutSource* is set to *Strobe1*. Strobe allows the added functionality of duration and delay, useful if trying to synchronize a camera exposure to an external strobe.

StrobeDelay

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	0
Unit	µs
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/Strobe

The delay from strobe trigger to strobe output.

StrobeDuration

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	0
Unit	µs
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/Strobe

The duration of strobe signal.

StrobeDurationMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Source, Controlled</i>
Default	<i>Source</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/Strobe

The mode of the strobe timing unit.

Value	Description
<i>Source</i>	Strobe duration is the same as source duration.
<i>Controlled</i>	Strobe duration is set by <i>StrobeDuration</i> .

StrobeSource

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>AcquisitionTriggerReady, FrameTriggerReady, FrameTrigger, Exposing, FrameReadout, Acquiring, LineIn1, LineIn2, LineIn3, LineIn4</i>
Default	<i>FrameTrigger</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/Strobe

Associates the start of strobe signal with one of the following image capture events.

Value	Description
<i>AcquisitionTriggerReady</i>	Active once the camera has been recognized by the host PC and is ready to start acquisition.
<i>FrameTriggerReady</i>	Active if the camera is in a state that will accept the next frame trigger.
<i>FrameTrigger</i>	Active if an image has been initiated to start. This is the logic trigger signal inside of the camera. It is initiated by an external trigger or software trigger.

Value	Description
<i>Exposing</i>	Active for the duration of sensor exposure.
<i>FrameReadout</i>	Active for the duration of frame readout, that is, the transferring of image data from the sensor to camera memory.
<i>Acquiring</i>	Active during the acquisition stream.
<i>LineIn1</i>	Active if there is an external trigger at line1.
<i>LineIn2</i>	Active if there is an external trigger at line2.
<i>LineIn3</i>	Active if there is an external trigger at line3.
<i>LineIn4</i>	Active if there is an external trigger at line4.



For detailed information see the camera quantum efficiency plots provided in the camera technical manuals.

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-documentation.html>

SyncIn

The signal source of the strobe timing unit. See SyncOutSource for descriptions.

SyncInGlitchFilter

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 50000
Default	0
Unit	ns
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/SyncIn

Ignores glitches on the SyncIn input line with pulse duration less than set value.



Setting SyncInGlitchFilter value increases latency of FrameTrigger by same amount.

SyncInLevels

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/SyncIn

A 4-bit register where each bit corresponds to a specific `SyncIn` input. For example, if this value returns 2 (0010), `SyncIn2` is high and all other sync input signals (`SyncIn1`, `SyncIn3`, `SyncIn4`) are low. The value in the register is binary.

SyncInSelector

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<code>SyncIn1</code> , <code>SyncIn2</code> , <code>SyncIn3</code> , <code>SyncIn4</code>
Default	<code>SyncIn1</code>
Affected features	<code>SyncInGlitchFilter</code>
Category	/IO/SyncIn

Select the sync-in line to control with `SyncInGlitchFilter`.

SyncOut

Used for synchronization with other cameras, devices, or general purpose outputs.

SyncOutLevels

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 4294967295
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/SyncOut

The output levels of hardware synchronization outputs, for outputs in *GPO* mode.

`SyncOutPolarity` can invert the `SyncOutLevels`.



SyncOutPolarity

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Normal, Invert</i>
Default	<i>Normal</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/SyncOut

The polarity applied to the sync-out line specified by `SyncOutSelector`.

SyncOutSelector

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>SyncOut1, SyncOut2, SyncOut3, SyncOut4</i>
Default	<i>SyncOut1</i>
Affected features	SyncOutSource, SyncOutPolarity
Category	/IO/SyncOut

Selects the sync-out line to control with SyncOutSource, SyncOutPolarity.

SyncOutSource

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>GPO, AcquisitionTriggerReady, FrameTriggerReady, Exposing, FrameReadout, Imaging, Acquiring, LineIn1, LineIn2, LineIn3, LineIn4, Strobel, CCDTemperatureOK</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	/IO/SyncOut

The signal source of the sync-out line specified by SyncOutSelector.

Value	Description
GPO	General purpose output
<i>AcquisitionTriggerReady</i>	Active once the camera has been recognized by the host PC and is ready to start acquisition
<i>FrameTriggerReady</i>	Active if the camera is in a state that will accept the next frame trigger
<i>Exposing</i>	Active for the duration of sensor exposure
<i>FrameReadout</i>	Active during frame readout, i.e. the transferring of image data from the sensor to camera memory
<i>Imaging</i>	Active if the camera is exposing or reading out frame data
<i>Acquiring</i>	Active if acquisition start has been initiated

Value	Description
<i>LineIn1</i>	Active if there is an external trigger at Line1
<i>LineIn2</i>	Active if there is an external trigger at Line2
<i>LineIn3</i>	Active if there is an external trigger at Line3
<i>LineIn4</i>	Active if there is an external trigger at Line4
<i>Strobe1</i>	The output signal is controlled according to Strobe1 settings
<i>CCDTemperatureOK</i>	Only for cameras that support this feature: indicates if camera has reached the desired temperature value

ImageFormat

This chapter describes how to influence and determine the image size and resolution. It assumes that the camera generates a single rectangular image and allows for only one ROI.

Height

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/ImageFormat

The height of the image.

HeightMax

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Height, OffsetY
Category	/ImageFormat

The maximum image height for the current image mode.

ImageSize

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Bytes
Affected features	n/a
Category	/ImageFormat

The size of images for the current format. The image size is impacted by the pixel format and image height.

OffsetX

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	0
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/ImageFormat

The starting column of the readout region (relative to the first column of the sensor).

OffsetY

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	0
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/ImageFormat

The starting row of the readout region (relative to the first row of the sensor).

PixelFormat

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Mono8, Mono10, Mono12, Mono12Packed, Mono14, BayerBG8, BayerRG8, BayerGR8, BayerBG8, BayerBG10, BayerGB12Packed, BayerGR12Packed, BayerGB12, BayerRG12, BayerGR12, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, RGBA8Packed, BGRA8Packed, RGB12Packed, YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed</i>
Affected features	BinningHorizontal, StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, WidthMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Width, OffsetX, BinningVertical, HeightMax, Height, OffsetY
Category	/ImageFormat

There are various pixel formats that GigE cameras can output. Not all cameras have every pixel format (see the technical manuals for details).

<i>Mono8</i>	One pixel of data for every byte. For color cameras with on-camera interpolation, luminance (Y) channel returned. Format: Monochrome Bit depth: 8
<i>Mono10</i>	One pixel of data for every two bytes, LSB aligned. For color cameras with on-camera interpolation, luminance (Y) channel returned. Format: Monochrome Bit depth: 10
<i>Mono12</i>	One pixel of data for every two bytes, LSB aligned. For color cameras with on-camera interpolation, luminance (Y) channel returned. Format: Monochrome Bit depth: 12
<i>Mono12Packed</i>	Two pixels of data for every three bytes. Does not support odd width × height. Format: Monochrome Bit depth: 12

<i>Mono14</i>	One pixel of data for every two bytes, LSB aligned. For color cameras with on-camera interpolation, luminance (Y) channel returned. Format: Monochrome Bit depth: 14
<i>BayerGB8</i>	Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 8
<i>BayerRG8</i>	Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 8
<i>BayerGR8</i>	Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 8
<i>BayerBG8</i>	Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 8
<i>BayerBG10</i>	One pixel of data every for two bytes, LSB aligned. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 10
<i>BayerGB12Packed</i>	Two pixels of data for every three bytes. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Does not support odd width or height. Format: Raw Bit depth: 12
<i>BayerGR12Packed</i>	Two pixels of data for every three bytes. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Does not support odd width or height. Format: Raw Bit depth: 12
<i>BayerGB12</i>	One pixel of data for every two bytes, LSB aligned. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 12

<i>BayerRG12</i>	One pixel of data every for two bytes, LSB aligned. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 12
<i>BayerGR12</i>	One pixel of data for every two bytes, LSB aligned. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 12
<i>RGB8Packed</i>	One pixel of data for every three bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Format: Color (RGB) Bit depth: 8
<i>BGR8Packed</i>	One pixel of data for every three bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Bit depth: 8
<i>RGBA8Packed</i>	One pixel of data for every four bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Alpha channel (A) is fully opaque, 0xFF. Format: Color (RGB) Bit depth: 8
<i>BGRA8Packed</i>	One pixel of data for every four bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Alpha channel (A) is fully opaque, 0xFF. Bit depth: 8
<i>RGB12Packed</i>	One pixel of data for every six bytes, R, G, B channels LSB-aligned. On-camera interpolated color. Format: Color (RGB) Bit depth: 12
<i>YUV411Packed</i>	Four pixels of data for every six bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Data in YUV411 format. Format: Color (YUV) Bit depth: 8
<i>YUV422Packed</i>	Three pixels of data for every six bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Data in YUV422 format. Format: Color (YUV) Bit depth: 8
<i>YUV444Packed</i>	Two pixels of data for every six bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Data in YUV444 format. Format: Color (YUV) Bit depth: 8

SensorReadoutMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Default	<i>Readout12Bits</i>
Possible values	<i>Readout12Bits</i> : 12-bit sensor readout mode <i>Readout10Bits</i> : 10-bit sensor readout mode
Affected features	n/a
Category	/ImageFormat

Readout mode of the sensor. Use this control to switch between 10-bit and 12-bit readout mode.



With 10-bit sensor readout mode you can achieve a higher frame rate. The sensor is capable of higher frame rates but readout is limited by GigE bandwidth and exposure value. You can improve frame rates with a reduced ROI and shorter exposure values.

Width

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	<i>StreamHoldCapacity</i> , <i>PayloadSize</i> , <i>NonImagePayloadSize</i> , <i>ImageSize</i> , <i>AcquisitionFrameRateAbs</i> , <i>ExposureTimeAbs</i> , <i>AcquisitionFrameRateLimit</i>
Category	/ImageFormat

The width of image.

WidthMax

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Width, OffsetX
Category	/ImageFormat

The maximum image width for the current image mode. Horizontal binning, for example, will change this value.

ImageMode

BinningHorizontal

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	1
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, WidthMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Width, OffsetX
Category	/ ImageMode

The horizontal binning factor. Binning is the summing of charge (for CCD sensors) or gray value (for CMOS sensors) of adjacent pixels on a sensor, giving a lower resolution image, but at full resolution. Image sensitivity is also improved due to summed pixel charge or gray value.



BinningHorizontal and DecimationHorizontal are mutually exclusive. Setting BinningHorizontal > 1 forces DecimationHorizontal to 1.

Color cameras only: Color information is lost while binning is active due to summing of adjacent different filtered pixels on the Bayer filter array.

BinningHorizontalMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>Sum, Average</i>
Default	<i>Sum</i>
Affected features	BinningVerticalMode
Category	/ImageMode

Determines whether the result of binned pixels is averaged or summed up. Changing `BinningHorizontalMode` also changes `BinningVerticalMode`.

Value	Description
<i>Sum</i>	Binning is accomplished by summing the charge or gray value of adjacent pixels on sensor.
<i>Average</i>	Binning is accomplished by averaging the charge or gray value of adjacent pixels on sensor. This increases SNR by SQRT (number of binned pixels).

BinningVertical

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Camera dependent
Default	1
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, HeightMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Height, OffsetY
Category	/ ImageMode

The vertical binning factor. Binning is the summing of charge (for CCD sensors) or gray value (for CMOS sensors) of adjacent pixels on a sensor, giving a lower resolution image, but at full resolution. Image sensitivity is also improved due to summed pixel charge or gray value.



`BinningVertical` and `DecimationVertical` are mutually exclusive. Setting `BinningVertical > 1` forces `DecimationVertical` to 1.

Color cameras only: Color information is lost while binning is active due to summing of adjacent different filtered pixels on the Bayer filter array.

BinningVerticalMode

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	<i>Sum, Average</i>
Default	<i>Sum</i>
Affected features	BinningHorizontalMode
Category	/ImageMode

Determines whether the result of binned pixels is averaged or summed up. Changing `BinningVerticalMode` also changes `BinningHorizontalMode`.

Value	Description
<i>Sum</i>	Binning is accomplished by summing the charge / gray value of adjacent pixels on sensor
<i>Average</i>	Binning is accomplished by averaging the charge / gray value of adjacent pixels on sensor. This increases SNR by SQRT (number of binned pixels).

DecimationHorizontal

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 8
Default	1
Affected features	BinningHorizontal, StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, WidthMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Width, ExposureAutoMin, ExposureAutoMax, OffsetX, DefectMaskEnable
Category	/ ImageMode

Decimation (also known as sub-sampling) is the process of skipping neighboring pixels (with the same color) while being read out from the CCD chip. `DecimationHorizontal` controls the horizontal sub-sampling of the image. There is no decrease in payload size with horizontal sub-sampling.

Value	Description
1	Off
2	2x reduction factor; 2 of 4 columns displayed
4	4x reduction factor; 2 of 8 columns displayed
8	8x reduction factor; 2 of 16 columns displayed



Writing an invalid number for `DecimationHorizontal` will round up to next valid mode. For example, 5 rounds up to 8. `DecimationHorizontal` and `BinningHorizontal` are mutually exclusive. Setting `DecimationHorizontal > 1` forces `BinningHorizontal` to 1.

DecimationVertical

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 8
Default	1
Affected features	BinningVertical, StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, HeightMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Height, ExposureAutoMin, ExposureAutoMax, OffsetY, DefectMaskEnable
Category	/ ImageMode

Decimation (also known as sub-sampling) is the process of skipping neighboring pixels (with the same color) while being read out from the CCD chip. `DecimationVertical` controls the vertical sub-sampling of the image. There is a decrease in payload size with vertical sub-sampling.

Value	Description
1	Off
2	2x reduction factor. 2 of 4 columns displayed.
4	4x reduction factor. 2 of 8 columns displayed.
8	8x reduction factor. 2 of 16 columns displayed.



Writing an invalid number for `DecimationVertical` will round up to next valid mode. For example, 5 rounds up to 8. `DecimationVertical` and `BinningVertical` are mutually exclusive. Setting `DecimationVertical > 1` forces `BinningVertical` to 1.



For more information on the decimation process, see the *Decimation* application note at:

<https://www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-papers-knowledge-base.html>

ReverseX

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	true, false
Default	<i>false</i>
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, WidthMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Width, OffsetX
Category	/ImageMode

Flips the image sent by camera horizontally. The ROI is applied after flipping.

ReverseY

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	true, false
Default	<i>false</i>
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, HeightMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Height, OffsetX
Category	/ImageMode

Flips the image sent by camera vertically. The ROI is applied after flipping.

SensorDigitizationTaps

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	Four, Two, One
Default	Camera dependent
Affected features	AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, DecimationHorizon, DecimationVertical, ReverseX, ReverseY
Category	/ ImageMode

The number of digitized samples outputted simultaneously by the camera analog to digital conversion stage.

SensorHeight

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	DSPSubregionBottom
Category	/ ImageMode

The total number of pixel rows on the sensor.

Example: 1216

SensorTaps

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display Name	SensorTaps
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Expert
Vimba Version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	n/a
Category	/ ImageMode

The number of taps on the camera sensor.

SensorWidth

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	DSPSubregionRight
Category	/ ImageMode

The total number of pixel columns on the sensor.

Example: 1936

Info

GevDeviceMACAddress

Display name	Device MAC address
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The 48-bit MAC address of the GVCP interface of the selected remote device.

DeviceFirmwareVersion

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The firmware version of this Allied Vision GigE camera.

Example: 00.01.54.1594

DeviceID

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The serial number of the camera.

DeviceModelName

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The camera model name. Software must use the `DevicePartNumber` to distinguish between models.

Example: GT2450C

DevicePartNumber

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The Allied Vision camera part number.

DeviceScanType

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Default	Areascan
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The scan type of the camera.

DeviceUserID

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

Used for multiple-camera situations for providing meaningful labels to individual cameras.

DeviceVendorName

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The manufacturer's name.

Example: `Allied Vision Technologies`

FirmwareVerBuild

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The firmware version build information.

Example: `00.01.54.15954`

FirmwareVerMajor

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The major part of the firmware version number (part before the decimal).

Example: 00.**01**.54.15954

FirmwareVerMinor

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The minor part of firmware version number (part after the decimal).

Example: 00.01.**54**.15954

SensorBits

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The maximum bit depth of sensor.

SensorType

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Info

The type of image sensor. Monochrome or Bayer pattern color sensor type.

Example: Mono

SavedUserSets

Allied Vision GigE cameras are capable of storing a number of user-specified configurations within the camera's non-volatile memory. These saved configurations can be used to define the power up settings of the camera or to quickly switch between a number of predefined settings.



LUT features cannot be saved. To save the content of a LUT, use `Controls > LUTControl > LUTSave` or `LUTSaveAll`.

UserSetDefaultSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Default, UserSet1, UserSet2, UserSet3, UserSet4, UserSet5</i> The number of user sets is camera dependent.
Affected features	See Vimba user interface
Category	/SavedUserSets

On power up or reset, this user set is loaded.

UserSetLoad

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	See Vimba user interface
Category	/SavedUserSets

Loads camera parameters from the user set specified by `UserSetSelector`.

UserSetSave

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	See Vimba user interface
Category	/SavedUserSets

Saves camera parameters to the user set specified by `UserSetSelector`. The *Default* setting cannot be overwritten.

UserSetSelector

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	<i>Default, UserSet1, UserSet2, UserSet3, UserSet4, UserSet5</i> The number of user sets is camera dependent.
Affected features	See Vimba user interface
Category	/SavedUserSets

Selects a feature user set to load, save, or configure.

Stream

Info

GVSPFilterVersion

Display name	GVSP Filter Version
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Expert
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Info

Version of the GVSP filter driver.

Example: 01.24.17

Multicast

Multicast mode allows the camera to send image data to all hosts on the same subnet as the camera. The host PC (or Vimba Viewer application instance) that first enables multicast mode is the master, and controls all camera parameters. All other hosts/instances are the monitors, and can view image data only.



Most GigE switches support a maximum `PacketSize` of 1500 bytes in multicast mode.



If using clients with Linux, you have to configure the IP subsystem to process multicast IP traffic.

MulticastEnable

Display name	Multicast Enable
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	true, false
Default	false
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Multicast

Enables multicast mode. In multicast mode all PCs on the same subnet as the camera can receive image data from the camera `MulticastIPAddress`.

MulticastIPAddress

Display name	Multicast IP Address
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Multicast

Sets the multicast IPv4 address.

Settings



GVSP provides a protocol for streaming data streams which runs on the UDP protocol.

GVSPAdjustPacketSize

Display name	GVSP Adjust Packet Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Expert
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Settings

Requests the packet size used to be adjusted automatically.

GVSPBurstSize

Display name	GVSP Burst Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Enumeration	1 to 256
Default	32
Unit	GVSP Packets
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Settings

The maximum number of GVSP packets to be processed in a burst.

GVSPDriver

Display name	GVSP Driver Selector
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	<i>Filter, Socket</i>
Default	<i>Filter</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	<i>/Stream/Settings</i>

The streaming driver to be used.

GVSPHostReceiveBuffers

Display name	GVSP Host Receive Buffers
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	256 to 2048
Default	<i>512</i>
Affected features	n/a
Category	<i>/Stream/Settings</i>

The number of buffers to be used by the network socket. Only applicable if not using the filter driver.

GVSPMaxLookBack

Display name	GVSP Max Look Back
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	1 to 1024
Default	30
Unit	GVSP Packets
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Settings

The size of the look back window, in packets, when determining if a stream packet is missing. If a stream packet arrives out of order, the driver skips back *GVSPMaxLookBack* packets to see if the packets previous to this point have all arrived. If not, a resend is issued. A lower value allows the driver less time to assemble out-of-order packets; a larger value allows the driver more time. If the value is set too low, the driver will issue unnecessary resends. If the value is set too high and a packet truly is missing, the driver will issue a resend but the camera may no longer have the required packet in its resend buffer and the packet is dropped. The ideal value is system dependent.

GVSPMaxRequests

Display name	GVSP Max Requests
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	1 to 512
Default	3
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Settings

The maximum number of resend requests that the host will attempt before marking a packet dropped.

GVSPMaxWaitSize

Display name	GVSP Max Wait Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	8 to 1024
Default	100
Unit	GVSP Packets
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Settings

The maximum number of received GVSP packets following a resend request to wait before requesting again.

GVSPMissingSize

Display name	GVSP Missing Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	0 to 1024 When the value is set to 0 this feature is disabled.
Default	512
Unit	GVSP Packets
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Settings

The maximum number of simultaneous missing GVSP packets before dropping the frame.

GVSPPacketSize

Display name	GVSP Packet Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	Camera dependent
Default	Camera dependent
Unit	Bytes
Affected features	GevSCPSPacketSize, StreamBytesPerSecond, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, StreamHoldCapacity
Category	/Stream/Settings

The GVSP packet size in bytes.

GVSPTiltingSize

Display name	GVSP Tilting Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	0 to 1024 When the value set to 0 this feature is disabled.
Default	100
Unit	GVSP Packets
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Settings

The maximum number of GVSP packets received from a following frame before dropping the frame.

GVSPTimeout

Display name	GVSP Timeout
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	10 to 5000
Default	70
Unit	ms
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Settings

The end of stream timeout. If no stream packet is received before `GVSPTimeout`, the host requests resend, up to `GVSPMaxRequests` times. If still no packet is received from the camera, the packet is marked as dropped.

Statistics



The packet counts in these statistics cover the image transport. Packets used for camera control or event data are not counted. All counters are reset at `AcquisitionStart`.

StatFrameRate

Display name	Stat Frame Rate
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The rate at which the camera is acquiring frames, derived from the frame timestamps.

StatFrameDelivered

Display name	Stat Frames Delivered
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The number of error-free frames captured since the start of imaging.

StatFrameDropped

Display name	Stat Frames Dropped
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The number of incomplete frames received by the host due to missing packets (not including shoved frames).

StatFrameRescued

Display name	Stat Frames Rescued
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The number of frames that initially had missing packets but were successfully completed after packet resend.

StatFrameShoved

Display name	Stat Frames Shoved
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The number of frames dropped because the transfer of a following frame was completed earlier.

StatFrameUnderrun

Display name	Stat Frames Underrun
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The number of frames missed due to the non-availability of a user supplied buffer.

StatLocalRate

Display name	Stat Local Rate
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

Inverse of time interval between the last two frames (faulty or not) received by the host. No averaging is performed.



In case of error-free frame reception, `StatLocalRate` is similar to `StatFrameRate`, except that the host clock is used instead of frame timestamps for measuring the time interval between frames. Otherwise, `StatLocalRate` and `StatFrameRate` may differ significantly.

StatPacketErrors

Display name	Stat Packets Errors
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The number of improperly formed packets. If this number is not zero, it suggests a possible cable or camera hardware failure.

StatPacketMissed

Display name	Stat Packets Missed
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The number of packets missed since the start of imaging.



If everything is configured correctly, this number should remain zero, or at least very low compared to `StatPacketReceived` value.

StatPacketReceived

Display name	Stat Packets Received
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The number of error-free packets received by the driver since the start of imaging, this number should grow steadily during continuous acquisition.

StatPacketRequested

Display name	Stat Packets Requested
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The number of missing packets that were requested to be resent from the camera.



If everything is configured correctly, this number should remain zero, or at least very low compared to `StatPacketReceived` value.

StatPacketResent

Display name	Stat Packets Resent
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The number of packets resent by the camera since the start of imaging.

StatTimeElapsed

Display name	Stat Time Elapsed
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Unit	Seconds
Affected features	n/a
Category	/Stream/Statistics

The elapsed time since the stream was started.

StreamInformation

StreamID

Display name	Stream ID
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	n/a
Category	/StreamInformation

The camera's unique ID for the stream.

StreamType

Display name	Stream Feature type
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	n/a
Category	/StreamInformation

Identifies the transport layer technology of the stream.

Example: GEV

Index

A

Abbreviations	12
Acquisition	17
AcquisitionAbort	17
AcquisitionFrameCount	17
AcquisitionFrameRateAbs	18
AcquisitionFrameRateLimit	18
AcquisitionMode	19
AcquisitionStart	20
AcquisitionStop	20
RecorderPreEventCount	21
SensorShutterMode	22
Trigger	24
AcquisitionStart	159
Anti-blooming characteristics	83

B

BalanceWhiteAutoControl	
BalanceWhiteAutoAdjustTol	87
BalanceWhiteAutoRate	88
BlackLevelControl	
BlackLevel	36
BlackLevelSelector	36
BufferHandlingControl	34
StreamAnnounceBufferMinimum	34
StreamAnnouncedBufferCount	34
StreamBufferHandlingMode	35

C

ColorTransformationControl	37
ColorTransformationMode	38
ColorTransformationSelector	38
ColorTransformationValue	39
ColorTransformationValueSelector	39
Contact us	7
Control	
BlackLevelControl	36
LUTControl	79
Controls	36, 79
CCDTemperatureOK	37
ColorTransformationControl	37
DefectMask	42
DefectMaskEnable	42
DSPSubregion	40

EdgeFilter	44
EFLensControl	45
Exposure	53
FpncEnable	63
GainGontrol	64
Gamma	69
Hue	70
IODMode	71
Iris	72
LensDrive	77
NirMode	83
Saturation	84
SubstrateVoltage	85
Whitebalance	85

D

DefectMask	
DefectMaskColumnEnable	43
DefectMaskPixelEnable	43
DefectMaskPixelEnable	10
DeviceStatus	89
DeviceTemperature	89
DeviceTemperatureSelector	89
Document history	10
DSPSubregion	53, 86
DSPSubregionBottom	40
DSPSubregionLeft	40
DSPSubregionRight	41
DSPSubregionTop	41

E

EFLensControl	
EFLensFocus	47
EFLensFStop	45
EFLensInitialize	50
EFLensStatus	50
EFLensZoom	52
EFLensFocus	
EFLensFocusCurrent	47
EFLensFocusDecrease	47
EFLensFocusIncrease	48
EFLensFocusMax	48
EFLensFocusMin	48
EFLensFocusStepSize	49
EFLensFocusSwitch	49

EFLensFStop	
EFLensFStopCurrent	45
EFLensFStopDecrease	45
EFLensFStopIncrease	46
EFLensFStopMax	46
EFLensFStopMin	46
EFLensFStopStepSize	47
EFLensStatus	
EFLensID	50
EFLensLastError	51
EFLensState	51
EFLensZoom	
EFLensZoomCurrent	52
EFLensZoomMax	52
EFLensZoomMin	53
Ethernet packet size	107
EventControl	90
EventData	90
EventID	91
EventNotification	98, 99
EventSelector	98
EventsEnable1	99
EventID	
EventAcquisitionEnd	91
EventAcquisitionRecordTrigger	91
EventAcquisitionStart	91, 92
EventError	92
EventExposureEnd	93
EventExposureStart	93
EventFrameTrigger	93
EventFrameTriggerReady	94
EventLine1FallingEdge	94
EventLine1RisingEdge	94
EventLine2FallingEdge	95
EventLine2RisingEdge	95
EventLine3FallingEdge	95
EventLine3RisingEdge	96
EventLine4FallingEdge	96
EventLine4RisingEdge	96
EventOverflow	97
EventPtpSyncLocked	97
EventPtpSyncLost	97
Exposure	
ExposureAuto	53
ExposureAutoControl	54
ExposureMode	58, 63
ExposureTimeAbs	59
ExposureTimeIncrement	59
ExposureTimePWL1	60
ExposureTimePWL2	61
Shutter	62
ThresholdPWL1	61, 62
ExposureAuto	65, 87
ExposureAutoControl	65
ExposureAutoAdjustTol	54
ExposureAutoAlg	55
ExposureAutoMax	55
ExposureAutoMin	56
ExposureAutoOutliers	56
ExposureAutoRate	57
ExposureAutoTarget	57
ExposureAutoMax	54
ExposureAutoTarget	54
ExposureMode	72
ExposureTimeAbs	58
ExposureTimePWL1	59
ExposureTimePWL2	59
F	
FitRange	55
FocusTimedFar	77
FocusTimedNear	77
FrameRate	114
FrameReadout	120, 126
FrameStart	58
FrameTrigger	120
FrameTriggerReady	120, 126
G	
GainAuto	65, 72
GainAutoControl	
GainAutoAdjustTol	65
GainAutoMax	66
GainAutoMin	66
GainAutoOutliers	67
GainAutoRate	67
GainAutoTarget	68
GainControl	64
Gain	64
GainAuto	64
GainAutoControl	65
GainSelector	68
General purpose output	126
GevCurrentDefaultGateway	103
GevCurrentIPAddress	104
GevCurrentSubnetMask	104
GevHeartbeatInterval	106

GevHeartbeatTimeout	106	SensorWidth	144
GevIPConfigurationApply	103	ImageSize	115
GevIPConfigurationMode	103	Imaging	120, 126
GevPersistentDefaultGateway	112	Info	145
GevPersistentIPAddress	113	DeviceFirmwareVersion	145
GevPersistentSubnetMask	113	DeviceID	145
GevSCSPacketSize	107, 108	DeviceModelName	146
GigE	100	DevicePartNumber	146
BandwidthControlMode	100	DeviceScanType	146
ChunkModeActive	101, 108	DeviceUserID	147
Configuration	103	DeviceVendorName	147
Current	103	FirmwareVerBuild	147
GVCP	105	FirmwareVerMajor	148
Persistent	112	FirmwareVerMinor	148
StreamBytesPerSecond	114	GevDeviceMACAddress	145
StreamHold	115	GVSPFilterVersion	152
Timestamp	116	SensorBits	148
GigE switch	152	SensorType	149
GigE Vision Control Protocol (GVCP)	105	IO	119
GPO	126	StatusLED	119
GVCP interface MAC address	145	Strobe	121
GVCPCmdRetries	105, 107	SyncIn	123
GVCPCmdTimeout	105, 107	SyncOut	125
GVCPHBInterval	107	IO SyncIn	
GVSPMaxRequests	159	SyncInLevels	124
GVSPTimeout	159	Iris	
I		IrisAutoTarget	72
ImageFormat	128	IrisMode	73
Height	128	IrisVideoLevel	74
HeightMax	128	IrisVideoLevelMax	74
ImageSize	129	IrisVideoLevelMin	75
OffsetX	129	LensDCIris	75
OffsetY	130	LensPIris	75
PixelFormat	131, 134	IrisAutoTarget	74
Width	134	IrisTimedClose	77
WidthMax	135	IrisTimedOpen	77
ImageMode	136	J	
BinningHorizontal	136	Jumbo Packets	108
BinningHorizontalMode	137	L	
BinningVertical	138	Legal notice	2
BinningVerticalMode	139	LensDCIris	
DecimationHorizontal	140	LensDCDriveStrength	75
DecimationVertical	141	LensDrive	77
ReverseX	142	LensDriveCommand	77
ReverseY	142	LensDriveDuration	77
SensorDigitizationTaps	143	LensVoltage	78
SensorHeight	143	LensVoltageControl	78
SensorTaps	144		

LensDriveCommand		
ZoomTimedOut	77	
LensDriveDuration	77	
LensPiris		
LensPirisFrequency	76	
LensPirisNumSteps	76	
LensPirisPosition	76	
LensPirisNumSteps	76	
LineIn1	127	
LineIn2	127	
LineIn3	127	
LineIn4	127	
LUTControl	79	
LUTEnable	79	
LUTIndex	79, 83	
LUTInfo	80	
LUTLoad	81	
LUTMode	81	
LUTSave	82	
LUTSelector	81, 82	
LUTValue	83	
LUTInfo		
LUTAddress	80	
LUTBitDepthIn	80	
LUTBitDepthOut	80	
LUTSizeBytes	81	
M		
Mean	55	
Multicast		
MulticastEnable	153	
MulticastIPAddress	153	
N		
NonImagePayloadSize	108	
Non-volatile memory	150	
O		
On-camera memory	115	
P		
PayloadSize	112	
PieceWiseLinearHDR	58, 87	
PirisAuto	73	
PirisManual	73	
Ptp	109	
PtpAcquisitionGateTime	109	
PtpMode	110	
PtpStatus	111	
R		
Recorder	115	
S		
SavedUserSets	150	
UserSetDefaultSelector	150	
UserSetLoad	150	
UserSetSave	151	
UserSetSelector	151	
Scan type	146	
SCPD	100	
Sensor		
Bit depth	148	
Taps	144	
Type	149	
Settings		
GVSPAdjustPacketSize	154	
GVSPBurstSize	154	
GVSPDriver	155	
GVSPHostReceiveBuffers	155	
GVSPMaxLookBack	156	
GVSPMaxRequests	156	
GVSPMaxWaitSize	157	
GVSPMissingSize	157	
GVSPPacketSize	158	
GVSPTiltingSize	158	
GVSPTimeout	159	
StatFrameRate	161	
Statistics		
StatFrameDelivered	160	
StatFrameDropped	160	
StatFrameRate	159	
StatFrameRescued	160	
StatFrameShoved	161	
StatFrameUnderrun	161	
StatLocalRate	161	
StatPacketErrors	162	
StatPacketMissed	162	
StatPacketReceived	162	
StatPacketRequested	163	
StatPacketResent	163	
StatTimeElapsed	163	
StatLocalRate	161	
StatPacketReceived	162, 163	
StatusLED		
StatusLedLevels	119	
StatusLedPolarity	119	
StatusLedSelector	120	

StatusLedSource	120
Stream	152
Info	152
Multicast	152
Settings	154
Statistics	159
Stream channel packet delay (SCPD)	100
Stream ID	164
StreamBytesPerSecond	100
StreamFrameRateConstrain	115
StreamHold	
StreamHoldCapacity	115
StreamHoldEnable	115, 116
StreamInformation	164
StreamID	164
StreamType	164
Strobe	
StrobeDelay	121
StrobeDuration	121, 122
StrobeDurationMode	122
StrobeSource	122
Strobe1	121, 127
Styles	12
SubstrateVoltage	
VsubValue	85
Symbols	13
SyncIn	
SyncInGlitchFilter	123, 124
SyncInSelector	124
SyncOut	
SyncOutLevels	125
SyncOutPolarity	125
SyncOutSelector	126
SyncOutSource	126

T

Third-party software	15
Timestamp	100
GevTimestampControlLatch	116, 118
GevTimestampControlReset	117
GevTimestampTickFrequency	117
GevTimestampValue	109, 110, 118
Timestamp function	116
Transport layer technology	164
Trigger	
TriggerActivation	24
TriggerDelayAbs	25
TriggerMode	25
TriggerOverlap	26
TriggerSelector	27
TriggerSoftware	28
TriggerSource	28, 58
TriggerSelector	
AcquisitionEnd	27

V

VideoClosed	73
VideoOpen	73

W

Whitebalance	
BalanceRatioAbs	85
BalanceRatioSelector	86
BalanceWhiteAuto	86
BalanceWhiteAutoControl	87

Z

ZoomTimedIn	77
ZoomTimedOut	77